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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN POWER
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DEATH OF THE PRESIDENT

He Succumbed to the Assassin's Bullet in the Milburn House at Buffalo at 2.15 O'clock Saturday Morning.

"It is God's Way, His Will Be Done," His Dying Words to His Sorrowing Wife.

HOMAGE OF GRIEF AT McKINLEY'S BIER

Mourning Multitudes Do Honor to His Memory as His Body is Borne to the Grave.

William McKinley, President of the United States, died at the home of John G. Milburn, in Buffalo, at 2.15 o'clock Saturday morning. The end was peaceful and painless. The President was conscious at intervals during the night. He called for Mrs. McKinley and bade her an affectionate farewell, his last words being: "It is God's way. His will be done." The relatives, members of the Cabinet and other friends were admitted to the room and took their leave of him several hours before the end.

Buffalo, N. Y.—The tragedy of the new century culminated at 2.15 o'clock on Saturday morning, when President McKinley peacefully passed away at the residence of John G. Milburn. Mrs. McKinley had retired to her room and was not with him at the end. His last conscious words reduced to writing by Dr. Mann, who stood at his bedside when they were uttered, were as follows:

"Good bye. All good bye. It is God's way. His will be done, not ours."

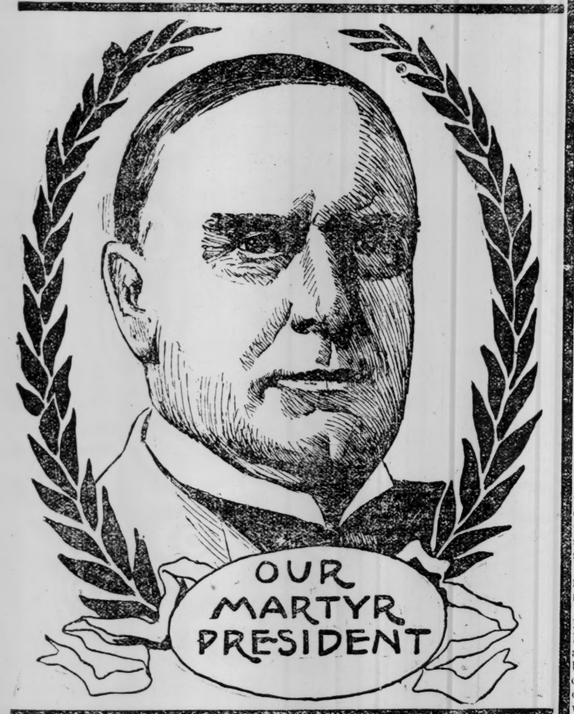
Those present at the time of the grief of the tragedy which ended his life.

At various times the President's mind wandered during the night, and in his delirium he spoke of his home in Canton. That he was suffering seemed evident from the pitiful way

INTERIOR OF THE MILBURN HOUSE.

in which he spoke about his longing for rest. It was in connection with his longing for rest that he wandered about his home. To get home and rest—that was the one thing that ran through all his delirious moments.

The actual death probably occurred about 2 o'clock, it being understood that Dr. Rixey delayed the announcement momentarily to assure himself. When the news was imparted to those downstairs a great sigh of anguish went up from the strong men there assembled. The members of the



President's death were Secretary Cortelyou, Dr. Rixey, Mrs. and Miss Barber and Miss Duncan.

The announcement of the death to the members of the Cabinet was made by Webb Hayes, who said: "It is all over."

President McKinley's last conscious hour on earth was spent with his wife to whom he devoted a lifetime of care. He died unattended by a minister of the gospel, but his last words were a humble submission to the will of the God in Whom he believed. He was reconciled to the cruel fate to which an assassin's bullet had condemned him, and faced death in the same spirit of calmness and poise which had marked his long and honorable career.

Mrs. McKinley last saw her husband between 11 and 12 o'clock. At that time she sat by the bedside, holding his hand. The members of the Cabinet were admitted to the sick room singly at that time.

President McKinley's relatives and the members of his official family who were at the Milburn house, except Secretary Wilson, who did not avail himself of the opportunity, and some

THE MILBURN HOME IN BUFFALO.

of his personal and political friends took leave of him. His friends came to the door of the sick room, took a long glance at him and turned tearfully away. He was practically unconscious during this time. But powerful heart stimulants, including oxygen, were employed to restore him to consciousness for his final parting with his wife. He asked for her, and she sat at his side and held his hand. He consoled her and bade her good by. She went through the heart-trying scene with the same bravery and fortitude with which she has borne the Cabinet, Senators and close friends remained only a few minutes. Then with mournful tread and bowed heads they came out in the darkness and went away. There was not one among them with dry eyes, and some moaned in an agony of grief.

The announcement of the news to those waiting below was postponed until the members of the family had withdrawn. Through Secretary Cortelyou the waiting newspaper men received the notification. There was the keenest excitement on the broad avenue, but there was no semblance of disorder.

The military guard was augmented immediately upon the announcement. The waiting crowds melted away rapidly, giving expression in unmistakable terms to the great sorrow they felt.

The rage of the people of Buffalo against the President's assassin when they learned that the President was dying was boundless. Thousands surrounded the jail, and the entire police force of the city and two regiments of militia were utilized to insure his protection.

GANGRENE CAUSED DEATH.

The Autopsy Shows That McKinley Never Had a Chance to Recover.

Buffalo, N. Y.—The result of the autopsy performed upon the body of President McKinley shows that death was caused by the development of gangrene in the tissue of the stomach around each of the two perforations made by the bullet which pierced that organ. It was also shown that the bullet had torn one of the kidneys. The autopsy showed that the bullet wound was fatal and that the President never had any chance to recover.

The official report of the autopsy follows:

"The bullet which struck over the breast bone did not pass through the skin and did little harm. The other bullet passed through both walls of the stomach near its lower border. Both holes were found to be perfectly closed by the stitches, but the tissue around each hole had become gangrenous.

"After passing through the stomach the bullet passed into the back walls of the abdomen, hitting and tearing the upper end of the kidney. This portion of the bullet track was also gangrenous, the gangrene involving the pancreas. The bullet has not yet been found.

"There was no sign of peritonitis or disease of other organs. The heart walls were very thin. There was no evidence of any attempt at repair on the part of nature and death resulted

MRS. M'KINLEY AT THE DEATHBED OF HER HUSBAND.

from the gangrene which affected the stomach around the bullet, as well as the tissues around the further course of the bullet. Death was unavoidable by any surgical or medical treatment, and was the direct result of the bullet wound.

(Signed)
"HARVEY D. GAYLORD, M. D.
"HERMAN G. METZINGER, M. D.
"P. M. RIXEY, M. D.
"MATTHEW D. MANN, M. D.
"HERMAN MYNTER, M. D.
"ROSWELL PARK, M. D.
"EUGENE WASDIN, M. D.
"CHARLES G. STOCKTON, M. D.
"EDW. G. JANEWAY, M. D.
"W. W. JOHNSON, M. D.
"W. P. KENDALL, Surgeon U. S. A.
"CHARLES CARY, M. D.
"EDWARD L. MUNSON,
"Assistant Surgeon, U. S. A.
"HERMANUS L. BAER, M. D."

There is much that is new in this statement. Gangrene had not been suspected by any of the doctors in attendance on the President, and their statements made just after his death showed that they believed there was something the matter with the heart. This organ was found to be free from disease, however, when the body was opened, although the statement is made that the heart walls were very thin.

The startling feature of the autopsy, however, is the discovery that the bullet, after piercing both walls of the stomach, struck and tore the upper end of the kidney. The doctors were confident all through the President's illness that no other organ of the body had been injured except the stomach, and that the bullet had lodged in the muscular tissue of the back after leaving the stomach.

Great surprise was caused by the publication of the official report of the autopsy. It seems to be the impression that unless the physicians were misquoted in some of their statements they were seriously in error as to their diagnosis of the case.

LAST HONORS TO THE DEAD.

The Funeral Ceremonies Over the Body of the Martyred President.

Buffalo, N. Y.—The funeral of William McKinley, the devoted husband and simple American citizen, took place at 11 o'clock Sunday morning in the house in which he died. The funeral of William McKinley, President of the United States, began an hour later and continued with all fitting solemnities until Wednesday, when both President and simple citizen was laid to rest forever in the family plot in the Canton cemetery.

After the brief funeral services at the Milburn home the body of President McKinley was conveyed to the City Hall, where it lay in state for several hours. President Roosevelt, several Cabinet officials, and other distinguished public men rode in the funeral procession, which included a military and naval escort.

A simple service took place in the Milburn home where the martyred President died. A hymn was sung and prayer was offered over the dead body. That was all. Only the immediate family and the friends and political associates of the late President were present. The scene there was pathetic in the extreme.

Mrs. McKinley's condition was such as to cause anxiety. For the first time since the death of her husband she gave herself up to violent weeping.

It is estimated that at least 100,000 men, women and children passed the open coffin of President McKinley while it rested upon a catafalque in the City Hall.

Special memorial services were held in churches and Sunday-schools of every denomination throughout the country. The late President's favorite hymns were part of the musical programme in many instances. Sermons and addresses dealt with the worth of Mr. McKinley, his great public services, and the necessity of stamping out anarchy.

The funeral train left Buffalo for Washington on Monday. The body was taken to the White House and remained under a guard of soldiers and sailors until 9 a. m. on Tuesday, when it was removed to the rotunda of the Capitol, where it lay in state until that evening.

The body, under a military escort, was then transferred to a funeral car and carried to Canton, Ohio, where arrangements for the final sepulture were committed to the charge of the citizens of Canton, under the direction of a committee selected by the Mayor of that city.

The announcement of the funeral arrangements stated that no ceremonies were expected in the cities and towns along the route of the funeral train beyond the tolling of bells.

WILLIAM McKINLEY'S CAREER.

Born at Niles, Ohio, 1843.
Enlisted as private, 1861.
Mustered out as brevet major, 1865.
Admitted to the bar, 1867.
Elected prosecuting attorney, 1869.
Married, 1871.
Elected to Congress, 1876.
Member of ways and means committee, 1889.
Chairman of ways and means committee, 1889.
McKinley tariff enacted, 1890.
Elected Governor of Ohio, 1891.
Re-elected Governor, 1893.
Elected President, 1896.
Re-elected President, 1900.
Assassinated September 14, 1901.

ROOSEVELT TAKES OATH

Sworn in at Buffalo as Twenty-sixth President of the United States.

HE ANNOUNCES HIS POLICY

Requests the Cabinet of His Dead Predecessor to Continue in Office--No Extra Session of Congress.

Vice-President Roosevelt Took the Oath of Office as President of the United States Before Judge John R. Hazel in Buffalo in the Presence of Five Members of the Cabinet and Others. Before Taking the Oath Mr. Roosevelt Said: "I Wish to Say That It Shall Be My Aim to Continue Absolutely Unbroken the Policy of President McKinley For the Peace and Prosperity, and the Honor of Our Beloved Country." President Roosevelt Requested the Members of the Cabinet to Retain Their Portfolios, at Least For the Present, and Received Assurances That They Would Do So. He Also Announced That There Would Be No Extraordinary Session of Congress.

Buffalo, N. Y.—Theodore Roosevelt became the twenty-sixth President of the United States just thirteen hours and ten minutes after the death of William McKinley. He took the oath of office in the small library in the old Colonial residence of Ansley Wilcox at 3.35 p. m. on Saturday. At 3.15 o'clock a carriage drove up containing Secretary Root, Attorney-General Knox and United States District Judge John R. Hazel, of Buffalo. The carriage was closely followed by another containing Secretaries Long, Hitchcock and Wilson. Several other carriages arrived soon after, bringing the President's secretary, Mr. Cortelyou; President Milburn, of the Exposition Company; Senator Depew, Justice Albert Hnight, of the Court of Appeals, and others.

The Vice-President stood on the south side of the library, with his back to a small window, and the members of the Cabinet and the men present stood in a circle facing him. For some time Mr. Roosevelt talked in whispers with Secretary Root, his arm over the Secretary's shoulder. Then Secretary Root stepped back a few paces, and the Vice-President stood motionless by the side of Judge Hazel. There was a dead silence of several seconds, and then Secretary Root said:

"Mr. Vice-President"—another long pause—"I have been requested by all of the members of the Cabinet of the late President McKinley who are present in the city of Buffalo, being all except two, to request that for reasons of weight affecting the administration of the Government, you shall proceed without delay to take the constitutional oath of office as President of the United States."

He spoke with great deliberation, and so still was the room that had his words been uttered in whispers they might easily have been heard by every one present.

Mr. Roosevelt's face was stern and rigid. Lifting his eyes, he looked steadfastly into the face of the Secretary for a moment, and in a voice with marked firmness and all of his characteristic distinctness replied:

"Mr. Secretary, I shall take the oath at once, at the request of the members of the Cabinet, and in this hour of deep and terrible national bereavement I wish to state I shall continue absolutely unbroken the policy of President McKinley for the peace, prosperity and honor of our beloved country."

Judge Hazel then stepped forward and administered the following constitutional oath, Mr. Roosevelt repeating slowly the sentences as spoken by the magistrate:

"I do solemnly swear that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States, and will to the best of my ability preserve, protect and defend the Constitution of the United States."

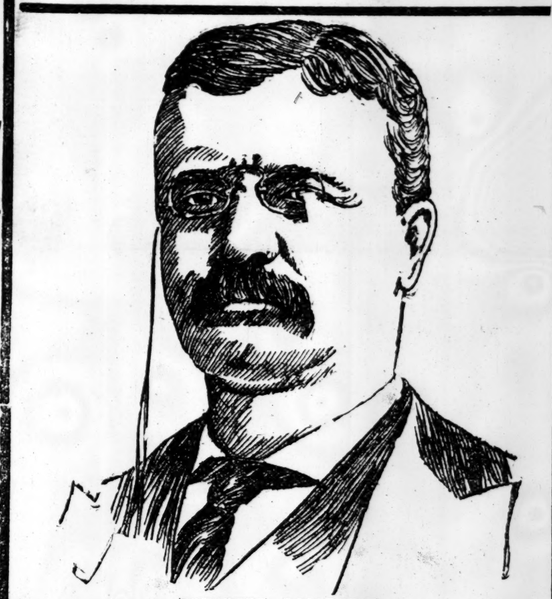
When the last words were said, President Roosevelt signed the document in the usual form. As soon as the oath was taken the President turned to the circle of Cabinet officers about him and said:

"I will ask the gentlemen of the Cabinet to stay that I may have a talk with them alone."

The President then stepped out into the hall and shook hands with those who passed out. In a few seconds the library was cleared of all those except the members of the Cabinet, and there President Roosevelt sat down with them for his first Cabinet meeting.

The conference with the Cabinet members lasted nearly two hours, and when it had finished the President said:

"Following out the brief statement I made when taking the oath that I would follow the administrative lines laid down by President McKinley, I



THEODORE ROOSEVELT.
(The Twenty-sixth President of the United States.)

for his life; our deep sorrow for his untimely death.

"Now, therefore, I, Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States of America, do appoint Thursday next, September Nineteenth, the day in which the body of the dead President will be laid in its last resting place, as a day of mourning and prayer through out the United States.

"I earnestly recommend all the people to assemble on that day in their respective places of divine worship, there to bow down in submission to the will of Almighty God and to pay out of full hearts their homage of love and reverence to the great and good President whose death has smitten the Nation with bitter grief.

"In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"Done at the City of Washington, the 14th day of September, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and one, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-sixth.

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT.
"By the President.
"JOHN HAY, Secretary of State."

THE HUNT FOR ROOSEVELT.

Guides Found Him on Mount Marcy—Special Train Took Him to Buffalo.

Albany, N. Y—Away on the top of Mount Marcy, attired in full hunting costume and with his gun slung over his shoulder, Theodore Roosevelt was found, and informed by a haggard travel-stained guide that he was needed in Buffalo "immediately." That word of command was sufficient to tell him what the weary messenger could not.

When news reached North Creek that Roosevelt's presence was demanded in Buffalo because of the serious turn that had been taken in the condition of the President, word immediately was sent to the lower club house, and thence to the upper, ten miles further in the mountains.

Every guide available, and every club member at once started out in a search that seemed hopeless, so great was the extent of territory to be covered. All were armed with guns and pistols, which they fired off at intervals to attract attention. Thus, with the cracking of pistols and the heavier reports of shotguns and the hallooing of "Roosevelt! Roosevelt! Roosevelt!" there began a remarkable hunt for the Vice-President to inform him that the head of the Nation was dying.

About 5 o'clock p. m., an old guide found Roosevelt resting with his companions and counting their game. The old guide knew Roosevelt's favorite haunts and had piloted him there many times. He saved his lungs and ammunition until he began the long, weary ascent of Mount Marcy.

For a long time nothing but echoes answered to "Roosevelt! Roosevelt! Roosevelt!" the name being flung back mockingly from the mountainside. Then, as he neared the top, there came from afar a faint "Halloa!"

Then his shots met answering firing and the lost was found, and the fateful message delivered to a white-lipped hunter. Then, forgetting all fatigue, Roosevelt and the guides started on a swinging walk to the upper club house, ten miles away.

The first message Roosevelt received gave no details, except that he was wanted. When he reached the upper club house, stained and worn, with even the hardy guides lagging far behind, messages were there awaiting him, and informing him that McKinley was dying. They had been brought by dripping horses urged to a dead run for ten miles from the lower club house, which is the only one in direct communication with the outer world.

This was shortly before 10 p. m. Again the foam-flecked horsees were lashed into a gallop, where fair roads permitted, and there began the wild ride for the lower club house, which was not reached until after midnight. More urgent messages awaited Roosevelt there. The worn out horses were changed for a swift, fresh team, and with a good driver he started on the weary drive of thirty-five miles from the club house to North Creek.

Roosevelt's Rapid Rise.

At the age of twenty-three—Was elected to the Assembly from the Twenty-first District in New York City, and was re-elected in 1883, 1884 and 1888.

At thirty-one—Was appointed a member of the United States Civil Service Commission by President Cleveland, serving until 1896.

At thirty-seven—Appointed a member of the Board of Police Commissioners of the City of New York by Mayor Strong, and elected President of that body.

At thirty-eight—Appointed Assistant Secretary of the Navy by President McKinley.

At forty—Organized the Rough Riders for service in Spanish-American war as lieutenant-colonel and was afterward its colonel.

At forty—Made the Republican nominee for Governor of the State of New York and elected.

At forty-two—Nominated by the Republican party for Vice-President of the United States and elected.

At forty-three — Succeeded to the Presidency of the United States.

ROOSEVELT'S FIRST PROCLAMATION.

The President Appointed a Day of Mourning and of Prayer.

Buffalo, N. Y.—President Roosevelt has issued the following proclamation:

"By the President of the United States of America. A proclamation:

"A terrible bereavement has befallen our people. The President of the United States has been struck down; a crime committed not only against the Chief Magistrate, but against every law-abiding and liberty-loving citizen.

"President McKinley crowned a life of largest love for his fellow-men, of most earnest endeavor for their welfare, by a death of Christian fortitude; and both the way in which he lived his life and the way in which, in the supreme hour of trial, he met his death, will remain forever a precious heritage of our people.

"It is meet that we as a Nation express our abiding love and reverence

MRS. THEODORE ROOSEVELT, WIFE OF THE PRESIDENT.
(The new Mistress of the White House.)

EMMA GOLDMAN CAUGHT

Locked Up on a Charge of Conspiracy With Nine Others.

HER ARREST MADE IN CHICAGO

The Anarchist Leader Professes No Knowledge of a Conspiracy to Kill the President—She Says That She Met Czolgosz Only Once—Makes a Detailed Statement of Her Movements.

Chicago.—Emma Goldman, the well known anarchist leader and lecturer, was arrested in Chicago, and a complaint and warrant charging her with conspiracy to murder President McKinley were secured from Justice Prindiville. C. J. Norris, at whose home Miss Goldman was captured, was arrested later.

The warrant for Miss Goldman charges her with conspiracy to murder the President. It gives as her co-conspirators Abraham Isaaks, Maurice Isaaks, Clemence Pfeutzer, Hippolite Havel, Henry Travaglio, Alfred Schneider, Julia Mechanic, Marie Isaaks and Marie Isaaks, Jr. All except Miss Goldman were arrested some days ago, but the men were held without bail and are now in jail.

Miss Goldman disclaimed all save the slightest acquaintance with the President's assailant; she denied absolutely that she, or anarchists she knew, was implicated in any plot to kill the President. She said she believed Czolgosz acted entirely on his own responsibility, and that he never claimed to have been inspired by her, as he is quoted as affirming.

Referring to the attempt on the life of the President, Miss Goldman said:

"It is a dirty trick to charge in the newspaper reports that it was the result of an anarchist plot."

Referring to the would-be assassin, Miss Goldman said:

"I feel that the man is one of those unfortunates who has been driven to despair and misery to commit the deed. I feel very deeply with him as an individual, as I would feel with anybody who suffers. If I had means I would help him as much as I could; I would see that he had counsel and that justice was done him."

She said her purpose in coming here had been to assist the anarchists who were arrested here several days ago. She had intended to give herself up to the police, but delayed it, for one reason and for another, until the police she had derided so much had taken the matter in their own hands.

Later in the day Miss Goldman was interviewed in the women's annex at the police station, and a stenographic report taken. Miss Goldman said:

"I am an anarchist—a student of socialism—but nothing in anything I ever said to Leon Czolgosz knowingly would have led him to do the act which startled everybody on Friday."

"Not even in your lectures? He says your words set his brain on fire," said the interviewer.

"Am I accountable because some crack brained person put a wrong construction on my words. Leon Czolgosz, I am convinced, planned the deed unaided and entirely alone. There is no anarchist ring which would help him. There may be anarchists who would murder, but their also are men in every walk of life who some times feel the impulse to kill. Czolgosz (the woman pronounced the name with the greatest ease)—Czolgosz may have been inspired by me, but if he was he took the wrong way of showing it."

Miss Goldman detailed as best she could recollect her movements since last July. She went from Chicago to Buffalo, she said, accompanied by Miss Isaak, the daughter of the alleged Anarchist editor under arrest here. In Buffalo they stopped two days, and then proceeded to Rochester, where they stopped at the home of Miss Goldman's sister, Mrs. H. Hochstein. Here they visited a little more than five weeks. The only incident of it was a short visit to Niagara Falls, and another to New York City on business. In the latter city Miss Goldman entered temporarily into the employ of a firm, the name of which she would not divulge. Business for them took her to Pittsburg. She was in Cincinnati on Labor Day, and that night she left for St. Louis.

Of her history she said: "I was born in St. Petersburg, Russia, thirty-two years ago; I came to this country with my sister, who is now in Rochester, sixteen years ago. I speak Russian, German, French and English. I came from the middle class in Russia, but my heart has always been with the poor and downtrodden. The injustice of the Haymarket prosecution made an anarchist of me. I have taught the creed of anarchy ever since."

A Prophecy of McKinley.

C. L. Pullman said in London, when he read the news of the President's wounding: "I saw President McKinley a few weeks ago. I had been telling him of my experiences in Russia, where I found it easier to get to the Czar than to him. Mr. McKinley said he believed it would fall to the lot of some occupant of the White House before many years had passed, to control the destinies of North and South America."

Ching and Earl Li Express Regret.

Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang have sent to Minister Conger at Pekin, China, a warm letter of regret at the attempted assassination of President McKinley.

People Moved to Tears.

References to the shooting of President McKinley were made Sunday in the pulpits of the churches of all denominations throughout the United States, and the services, in which immense congregations participated, were characterized by unusual solemnity. In not a few instances the people were moved to tears by the pathos of the preacher's remarks.

Prince Chun to Visit the United States.

Prince Chun will return to China by way of the United States.

Minor Mention.

The laying of the marine cable from Skagway to Juneau, Alaska, has been completed.

It is said that 7000 persons intend to come back from Nome, Alaska, to the United States during the present season.

So many Americans visit and reside in London that an American directory is being prepared, which will include upwards of 10,000 names.

Writers of popular songs are uniting in a benevolent and protective society to guard against the alleged "rapacity" of the music publishers.

MINOR EVENTS OF THE WEEK

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

Attorney-General Knox refused the request of acting Secretary of the Navy Hackett that an assistant from the Attorney-General's office be appointed to assist Judge Advocate-General Lemly before the Schley Court of Inquiry.

Lieutenant-Commander Sargent reported to the Navy Department that United States citizens and their interests in Bocas del Toro, Colombia, were not in danger.

The Interior Department will expend $2000 per annum for Indian police in Alaska.

Representative Bartholdt, of Missouri, announced that he would test in the United States courts the legality of the recent Congressional reapportionment by the Legislature of that State.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

The Philippine insurgent leader, Angeles, having surrendered, Malvar and Lukhan were the only important chieftains in the field.

Delegates from Congress to investigate affairs in the Philippines reached Manila on the transport McClellan.

The Merchants' Union of Havana will ask the President for a reduction of duties on tobacco.

DOMESTIC.

Anarchy and lawlessness were bitterly denounced by trades unions in Boston at various meetings. Resolutions of sympathty with the President were adopted.

The prison and court building constructed eight years ago at a cost of $400,000, at New Orleans, La., was declared in imminent danger of general collapse, through general faulty and cheap construction.

Otis Green shot and killed his wife at Albia, Iowa, and then fatally wounded himself.

While at work in a canning factory at Rome, N. Y., Miss Lenore E. Haynes, twenty-six years old, was caught in the machinery and thrown around a shafting. She died from the effects of injuries.

Edwin H. Platt, of Esopus, N. Y., was arrested upon the charge of removing valuable oil paintings which, it is alleged, he had mortgaged for $725.

Peter Jackson and his wife, both more than sixty years old, were found dead in their flat in Chicago. The gas jets in the parlor were wide open. It is the belief of the police that the couple died together by agreement.

Steel strikers beat three workmen in McKeesport, Penn., and policemen were called out to prevent more serious trouble both there and in Pittsburg.

A letter threatening the life of Superintendent Pierce, of the Boston police force, stirred up renewed activity against anarchists.

Galveston, Tex., on the anniversary of the great storm, reported larger foreign commerce than year before and rapidly increasing prosperity.

The Government authorities assured the New Jersey Riparian Commissioners that the United States had no idea of infringing on their rights.

Miss Maud Willard was killed in an attempt to go through the whirlpool rapids at Niagara Falls, N. Y.

Levi Carroll, a negro, who murdered his father and a negro woman, was hanged at Macon, Ga.

A flowing well of sulphuric acid was discovered in Vineland, N. J.

Because sixteen-year-old Bertha Richter would not marry him, twenty-two-year-old George Kenelle, at St. Louis, Mo., killed her and fatally shot himself.

Thirty nuns out of 200 in the convent at Oldenburg, Ind., were down with typhoid fever.

The Ruskin Commonwealth in Georgia was sold out by the sheriff.

At Lexington, Miss., Monroe Hitchford and Spencer Wright, colored, fought a duel with shotguns, and both were killed.

FOREIGN.

Chinese troops have reoccupied Pekin.

The report of an attack on Rio Hacha caused inhabitants of Panama to make a demonstration against the Venezuelan consul.

Barker's column returned to Winburg, Orange River Colony, after capturing many prisoners and a great quantity of supplies.

The recent educational edict in China is thought to show the power of the Liberal party; classics are relegated to the background.

Emperor Francis Joseph closed the Hungarian Diet, delivering the speech from the throne at the palace.

The fishery along the northern coast of Labrador is a failure.

At an explosion in the Llansradach colliery, near Caerphilly, two miners were killed outright, and the total death roll will probably be ten. Many were seriously injured.

General Kitchener reported that the British columns in the previous week reduced the Boers in the field by 681.

Little significance was attached to the outbreak of French reserves at Montceau-les-Mines.

The Mexican National Railroad acquired control of the Mexican International.

The Sultan settled one of the French claims, and it is believed that diplomatic relations between Turkey and France will soon be resumed.

The life of the late Dr. Von Miquel, for many years Prussian Minister of Finance, was insured by the New York Life Insurance Company for $250,000.

Ice floes blockaded the coast of Labrador; bergs were floating southward, forming menaces to navigation.

A fierce fight between Congo Free State troops and slave traders near Katanga resulted in the traders' defeat.

Turkey sent a rebuke to Great Britain for the action of a warship's commander in the Persion Gulf.

Portuguese officials seized on the Transvaal frontier a large supply of ammunition intended for the Boers.

M. Santos-Dumont made three successful ascensions in his new airship at Paris, France. During his final descent the superstructure of the machine was damaged.

Consternation was caused in London by the news of the attack on President McKinley, Americans anxiously besieging the telegraph offices. The Lord Mayor sent a message of sympathy.

The Lord Mayor of London received $5000 from W. C. Whitney for the national memorial to Queen Victoria.

Rain and sweat have no effect on harness treated with Eureka Harness Oil. It resists the damp, keeps the leather soft and pliable. Stitches do not break. No rough surface to chafe and cut. The harness not only keeps looking like new, but wears twice as long by the use of Eureka Harness Oil.
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Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes. Made by
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REFERENCES: Citizen's Bank, First National Bank.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect June 2nd, 1901

TRAIN SERVICE.

NORTHBOUND:

Leave Eliz City daily [except Sunday]		2:40, p. m.
Arrive at Norfolk " "		4:20, p. m.
Leave Elizabeth City Tues., Thurs., and Saturday		9:30, a. m.
Arrive at Norfolk " "		11:05, a. m.

SOUTHBOUND:

Leave Eliz. City daily (except Sunday)		11:40, a. m.
Arrive at Edenton " "		12:40, p. m.
Arrive Belhaven " "		5:20, p. m.
Leave Elizabeth City Tues., Thurs., and Saturday		5:55, p. m.
Arrive Edenton " "		7:00, p. m.

☞Trains stop at all intermediate Stations.
Connect at Norfolk with trains to and from Virginia Beach and Currituck Branch Virginia Beach Division.

STEAMBOAT SERVICE.

Steamers leave Edenton daily (except Sunday) 12:45 p. m., for Plymouth, Jamesville, Williamston and Windsor. Leave Edenton Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 12:45, p. m., for Chowan River Landings Monday, Wednesday and Friday for Scuppernong River.

Steamers leave Elizabeth City for Roanoke Island, Oriental and Newberne, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday and connect with the A. & N. C. Railroad, the Atlantic Coast Line for Goldsboro and Wilmington, &c. Steamers leave Belhaven daily (except Sunday) for Washington, N. C., and 5, a. m., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays for Aurora, South Creek and Makleyville, and 4 a. m. Monday, Wednesday and Friday for Swan Quarter, Ocracoke and Oriental.

For further information apply to M. H. Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. E. KING, Gen'l Mng'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft & Pass'r Ag't

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. F. MARTIN, D. D. S., Elizabeth City, N. C., offers his professional services to the public in all the branches of DENTISTRY. Can be found at all times.

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KEATON'S HOTEL,
W. H. KEATON, Prop.,
Main Street, Near Water
Elizabeth City, N. C.
☞Good Table, Clean Beds, Polite Attention. Board by the day week or month.
TERMS REASONABLE.

BAY VIEW HOTEL
Sample Rooms and Hacks Free.
F. A. WHITE, Proprietor.
Fronting Edenton Bay, Edenton, N. C.

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GEORGE W. BELL,
Gun-Smith.
At the Old Stand on Road Street.
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30 BUILDING LOTS FAIRVILLE
the OLD FAIR GROUNDS, near the cotton Factory. Terms and payments made easy

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Dealer in all Kinds of
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OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.
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The North Carolinian

Published Every Thursday.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor.

"IT IS GOD'S WAY."

The tomb has closed upon all that is mortal of William McKinley. The poisoned bullet of the anarchist and the venomed voice of a sensational press have done their work. Columbia's heart is sad, her head is bowed and her face is bathed in tears. A great and good man, a representative of the highest type of American citizenship, has been taken from us. His name and fame are, however, sacred in American history. No Chief Executive of our Republic, and we except not even Washington, for the first president had numerous and bitter enemies, was accorded as universal and generous a tribute of love and affection from all classes, all sections and all parties. The national press, even the most bitter partisan, has paused to drop a flower of tribute upon his bier. The eulogies that have been pronounced upon his name are more sincere than those customarily accorded the distinguished dead. They were honest tributes to sterling worth and character. The example of his life is more eloquent than the ablest sermon ever preached. The American nation feels proud that from the ranks of the "common people" could have been produced such a man with such a character. A man who when wounded unto death could occupy his mind only with thoughts of home, friends, country and the majesty of the law, and who, when the last faint spark of life began to fade, could calmly kiss his wife good-by, and, chanting in a subdued voice a hymn of devotion, set forth on that mysterious journey into the valley of darkful shadows. Thus,

"Sustained and soothed
By an unfaltering trust, approach his grave
Like one who maps the drapery of his couch
About him, and lies down to pleasant dreams."

The ways of Providence are inscrutable, and man can make but faint guesses at eternal truth. It may be that this sad tragedy was wisely ordained. It may be that the manifested spirit of a common devotion to the memory and a common sympathy in the death of William McKinley the man who has done so much to eradicate the last vestage of sectional feeling in this country, may serve to more firmly cement all sections of the American nation. It is God's way—His will be done."

Ex-Attorney-General John W. Griggs says the talk of amending the constitution to deal with the situation which arises out of the shooting of President McKinley is unnecessary, and that there is no need of such radical action.

"A law should be passed," says Mr. Griggs, "making it an offence punishable by imprisonment for life to be a member of any organization that teaches the murder of public officials. It should be made a capital offence to attempt the life of the Chief Executive and the higher officers of the government, whether it succeeds or not. This is not like attempted ordinary murder. The object of the crime is the subversion of the government, and is, therefore, aimed at every citizen of the republic."

It is worthy of note that Herr—most of New York City, the high priest of anarchy in this country, condemns Czolgosz's act and says that it was inspired by "yellow journals," the New York Journal in particular. This cannot be proved but it is quite possible that the Journal's abuse of the administration and the means it has taken to render it contemptible and execrated would induce a slightly unbalanced or very ignorant person to remove the subject of the Journal's slanders and abuse. This is an opinion which finds frequent expression.

We quote the following, excerpted from the columns of the leading yellow journal of this country, as a sample of the doctrine that has been promulgated by a sensational and recklessly partisan press for the last two years:

"McKinley is a tyrant reddening his hands in the blood of the poor and filling his pockets and those of others with dollars coined out of the sweat and tears and hunger of helpless strikers, their wan wives and their starving children."

With such sowers why should we be surprised at the bitter harvest.

"I shot him for an example," said the assassin shortly after the murder, "and I hope he dies; the man who succeeds him must not be a slave to capital, or he will perish, too." Here we are at the motive of this weak-minded assassin. He has been studying the cartoons and reading the declarations of a sensational press, and listening to the doctrine of class hatred preached by reckless political demagogues. Is not this enough to give pause to the honest and conservative citizen regardless of party?

"God reigns and the Government at Washington still lives."

NATION IN MOURNING.

McKinley is dead. One of the best and best beloved of American Presidents has fallen a victim to the worst and most abhorred of evil passions. The nation is plunged into mourning for him who had, through his patriotism, his labors and his wisdom, given cause for its highest rejoicings. The trusted leader under whose benign administration the last scars of old fraternal strife disappeared, unprecedented prosperity was given to the whole land, and the power and fame of America were wondrously magnified, is taken from us through the vile machinations of an alien growth which never should have had so much as a foothold upon American soil.

A deplorable change for the worse was noted in the President's condition early Friday morning. During the last 24 hours he had been having sinking spells, and although each one was worse and each one harder to bring him back, he did not believe until late in the day that he would die. During the evening he spoke to Dr. Rixey about dying. He said he felt almost over. He then asked for Mrs. McKinley, who was with him for an hour and a half. They conversed together, making their farewells. Mrs. McKinley bears up splendidly. She shows no signs of breaking down. The President's last words to those about him were: "Good bye all, good bye; it is God's will. His will be done; not ours." And then he said, speaking to no one apparently, "Nearer, My God to Thee, e'en though it be a cross, is my constant prayer." And so for him the tide of life went out, and he calmly floated forth on the mysterious sea of the great Perhaps.

An autopsy was performed Saturday on the body and it was found that his death was due to gangrene, caused by the bullet wound in the stomach. The physicians declared that his life could not have been saved under any circumstances. It was learned that Dr. Wasdin had strongly supported the theory that the bullet fired by Czolgosz was poisoned. The bullet was not found.

Arrangements for the funeral of the President were made by the members of the Cabinet in Buffalo during the afternoon. A brief service of prayer was held at Mr. Milburn's house at 11 o'clock, after which the body lay in state at the Buffalo City Hall. At 7 o'clock on Monday morning the body was placed on a special train and taken to Washington, arriving in the evening. The body remained at the White House over night. On Tuesday a State funeral was held at the Capitol. On Wednesday the body was taken to Mr. McKinley's old home in Canton, where the burial will take place today.

Theodore Roosevelt became President of the United States just thirteen hours and ten minutes after the death of William McKinley. He took the oath of office in the small library in the old Colonial residence of Ansley Wilcox, at No. 641 Delaware ave., at 3:35 Saturday. Before taking the oath of office Mr. Roosevelt made the following statement:

"I wish to state that it shall be my aim to continue absolutely unbroken the policy of President McKinley for the peace, prosperity and honor of our beloved country."

President Roosevelt requested the members of the Cabinet to retain their offices at least for the present, and they consented to do so. He also announced that Congress would not be called in extraordinary session.

Mr. Roosevelt has been in perfect sympathy with the triumphant policies of Mr. Kinley, for whom his affectionate admiration has been undisguised, and whose beneficient administration he will assiduously endeavor to continue and perpetuate. There is ample reason to believe that he will be a great and good President. He is a citizen of exalted personal character, an ardent patriot, a keen student of men and affairs, a statesman of large experience in executive tasks, and of wide acquaintance with the people, the history and the institutions of the United States. During the early period of agonizing suspence, in the days of hope and joy through which the nation has passed, since the swift succession of gloom to sunshine and in the moment of his elevation to a pre-eminent station, his demeanor has been faultless. He is entitled to claim and sure to command in this emergency, so sorrowful to all, so peculiarly trying to himself, the fullest measure of sympathy and goodwill.

THE ASSASSIN'S INSPIRATION.

Lincoln perished as a martyr to the passions aroused by a great strife between brothers; Garfield was a sacrifice to the fury of a disappointed office seeker; McKinley lies on what may prove to be his deathbed, the victim of social discontent. He was struck down by the preachers of the gospel of revolution, by the fomenters of class hatreds and social passions, by the newspapers or orators that thinly veil their hatred of American institutions and inflame weak minds by lying arguments.—Passaic Daily News.

Says the New Yorh Tribune:

How glad some demagogues would now be to have it forgotten that a few weeks ago they were calling President McKinley "the most despised and hated creature in the hemisphere."

The Whole Hog.

Some of the boarding public are wondering why the Legislature didn't put a special tax on those whose boarding expenses exceed the actual amount that would be necessary to keep a man from starving. It did put a special tax on prosperity; why should it not have enacted a "board bill" law; and why shouldn't it, to do the thing up brown, put a special tax on all who have any pleasure or contentment in this world, and if possible, tax them out of the comfort and contentment business, and force them into pursuits of misery and damnation. Then we would all have a sweet old miserable time.—Union Republican.

Free Blood Cure.

We recommend Botanic Blood Balm (B B. B.) for all blood troubles, such as ulcers, eating sores, scrofula, eczema, itching humors, pimples, boils, carbuncles, blood poison, aching bones, festering sores, cancer, catarrh, rheumatism. Botanic Blood Balm cures all malignant blood or skin diseases, especially advised for old, deep-seated cases. It cures when all else fails. Heals every sore or pimple, stops all aches and pains by giving a healthy blood supply. Thoroughly tested for 30 years. Thousands cured. At drug stores, $1 per large bottle. Our readers will receive a trial treatment free by writing Dr. Gillam, 213 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice given. Medicine sent at once, prepaid.

"I wonder what makes a man's hair fall out so fast when it once starts?"

"Worry! Nothing tends to make a man bald so much as worry, and nothing worries a man so much as the idea that he is becoming bald."—London King.

Had Heard Them All.

Mrs. Hennypeck (in the midst of her reading)—Here is an item which says that there are more than 250,000 words in the English language.

Mr. Hennypeck—Yes, my dear; so I've heard.—Puck.

Tasmania is 4,000 miles less in area than Ireland. The names of its 18 counties are almost all taken from English counties.

Fish has very high food value. In fact, it is very nearly as nutritious as chicken or turkey.

HOUSEWORK
Too much housework wrecks women's nerves. And the constant care of children, day and night, is often too trying for even a strong woman. A haggard face tells the story of the overworked housewife and mother. Deranged menses, leucorrhœa and falling of the womb result from overwork. Every housewife needs a remedy to regulate her menses and to keep her sensitive female organs in perfect condition.

WINE OF CARDUI
is doing this for thousands of American women to-day. It cured Mrs. Jones and that is why she writes this frank letter:

Glendeane, Ky., Feb. 10, 1901.
I am so glad that your Wine of Cardui is helping me. I am feeling better than I have felt for years. I am doing my own work without any help, and I washed last week and was not one bit tired. That shows that the Wine is doing me good. I am getting fleshier than I ever was before, and sleep good and eat hearty. Before I began taking Wine of Cardui, I used to have to lay down five or six times every day, but now I do not think of lying down through the day. MRS. RICHARD JONES.

$1.00 AT DRUGGISTS.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, U. S. Life-Saving Service, Washington, D. C., September 16, 1901. Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 2:00 o'clock p. m., of Thursday, September 26, 1901, and then publicly opened, to furnish the amounts of forage required at certain life-saving stations on the coasts of Virginia and North Carolina during the current fiscal year, full information in regard to which can be obtained upon application to the Superintendent of the 7th Life Saving District, Shawboro, N. C., or to this office, S. I. Kimball, General Superintendent.

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LIES IN SECURITY, AND SECURITY IN THE POSSESSION OF THE OLD AND ALWAYS RELIABLE
ALPINE SAFE.

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JOB WORK!

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

LIBEL NOTICE.

United States of America, Eastern Dist. of N. C.

In the matter of T. W. Godwin, A. L. Woodworth and C. D. Whiting, partners trading as the "Virginia Iron Works," vs. The steam tug "Petrel." } In Admiralty.

Whereas, a libel has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina, on the 19th day of August, 1901, by T. W. Godwin, A. L. Woodworth and C. D. Whiting, partners trading as the "Virginia Iron Works," Libelant, against the steam tug "Petrel," in a cause of Libel of T. W. Godwin, A. L. Woodworth and C. D. Whiting, partners trading as the "Virginia Iron Works" against the steam tug "Petrel," and praying process may issue against said vessel, her tackle, apparel and cargo, and that said vessel may be condemned and sold to pay said T. W. Godwin, A. L. Woodworth and C. D. Whiting, partners trading as the "Virginia Iron Works," claim with costs, charges and expenses.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming the said vessel, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before said District Court to be held at the Court House in the town of Elizabeth City, N. C., in and for the Eastern District of North Carolina, on the 4th day of September, A. D. 1901, at 12 o'clock M. of that day, provided the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise on the next day of jurisdiction thereafter, then and there to interpose their claims and make their allegations in that behalf.

Dated at Elizabeth City the 28th day of August 1901.

H. C. DOCKERY, U. S. Marshal.
By CHAS. A. BANKS, Dept. U. S. M.
J. Heywood Sawyer, Proctor for Libelants.

☞Postponed till October 23rd.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of James S. Wilcox, deceased late of Pasquotank County, N. C., I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make settlement with me at once, and all persons holding claims against said estate are hereby notified to present same duly authenticated, to me for payment on or before August 30th, 1902, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

J. W. WILCOX, Administrator.

This Aug. 19, 1901.

Atlantic Collegiate Institute.
—ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.—
Opens its 23rd Annual Session Monday, Sept. 16th, 1901.
FIVE COURSES OF STUDY.
I. Classical Course,
II. English Course,
III. College Preparatory,
IV. Business Course,
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NINE INSTRUCTORS.
Diplomas awarded on completion of any of the courses of study. Students admitted by certificate to the University of North Carolina, Wake Forest and Trinity Colleges without examination.
Rates of board and tuition very low for advantages offered.
Write for Catalogue. Address
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Elizabeth City, N. C.

Stop A Minute!
A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N. C.

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Safe. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists.
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I offer the following properties for sale:

No. 1. 200 acre farm, 75 acres improved, good dwelling, good barn and other out houses.
" 2. 20 acres good house land improved.
" 3. 65 acres improved, close to city.
" 4. 70 acres, fair buildings, excellent land, 8 miles from town.
" 5. 7 acres near city limits unimproved.
" 6. 28 lots vacant, good location, big bargains
" 7. 1 lot close to factory, good location.
" 8. 1 lot 40x100, new house near town, fine location.
" 9. 1 lot 45x100, very desirable location for residence.
" 10. 1 good house, 6 rooms, good style, good location.
" 11. 1 lot, good house, 7 rooms, good style, fine location.
" 12. 1 lot, good house 7 rooms, good style, fine location.
" 13 1 lot good location.
" 14. 1 lot on Main St, fine location.
" 15. 1 lot on Main St, fine location.
" 16. 6 lots on Road Street.
" 17. 1 lot, good house, 6 rooms good location.
" 18. 1 lot 120x120 fine house, modern built, hot and cold waterworks, everything up to date.
" 19. 1 vacant lot, good location.
" 20. 1 tract of timber land 320 acres.
" 21. 1 26-acre farm on suberbs of town, all good high improved land.
" 22. 2 lots on Church street, fine location for residence.
" 23. 1 farm close to city 189 acres, Good building, fine land.
" 24. 1 house on Church street, nice large house, 9 rooms, good location, pleasant home, big bargain.

Various other farms and city property too numerous to mention can be had on very easy terms.

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And you will want your windows and doors screened against the "pesky flies." We have them already made in all sizes and for pleasant prices.

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We hereby invite you to inspect our sample line of
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It is True
THAT we are doing the grocery business of this city? We are at the present time enjoying the best grocery trade we've had for years. There must be a reason for it. Nowhere in the district will you find a more complete Grocery store. We have made a specialty of the
GROCERY
business for years. Each succeeding season finds us in better shape to please you in this line of merchandise. We are branching out—growing better and better all the time.
W. J. WOODLEY,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Tailoring For Fall 1901-2.

I am now ready for Fall and Winter orders. I am displaying this season the handsomest line of samples in woolens ever shown. Let me make your suit now before the rush. You can get it when you want it. I guarantee every garment to be perfect as to material, fit, finish, trimmings and workmanship.
You Run No Risk.
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MERCHANT TAILOR.
157 Road St. Elizabeth City, N. C.

My Knowledge of the Human Eye

is based upon hard study and practical experiences, this helps greatly in giving you just the kind of glasses you need. We make no mistakes, and are never out of a particular number of lense, so you run no risk by coming here.

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Eyesight Specialist.

EXAMINATION FREE.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor: T. B. Wilson; Aldermen: M. N. Sawyer, Dr A L Pendleton, W M Baxter, J R Culpepper, J B Fearing, Fred Davis and Louis Andrews; Clerk and Tax Collector: R E Whitehurst Treasurer, J. B. Ferebee; Chief of Police, W. C. Dawson, A. C. Bell Assistant, J C Scarborough and Wilson Brothers Police; Attorney, P W McMullan; Street Commissioner, J F Weeks; Fire Commissioners, Jas. Richardson; Health Officer, Dr John B Griggs; Harbor Master, J Medlin.

Collector of Customs—Palemon Johnson.

Postmaster—Elizabeth C. Pool.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church Sts.

CHURCHES.

Methodist: R. C. Beaman pastor; Baptist, C. W. Duke, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, Rector; Presbyterian, J. Spencer Smith pastor.

Methodist Episcopal on Pearl street: Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., each Sunday. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Prayer meetings Tuesday nights. W. S. Finch, pastor.

Church of Christ, M. Pittman pastor, services in Court House, every Sunday morning and night.

Colored—Methodist, W. L. Clayton, pastor; Cornerstone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch MW[illegible]Norman, pastor; St Philip, W. J. Heritage rector; St. Stephen, W. Arterbridge paster; Asbuch, Presbyterian, S P Smith, pastor

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge No. 317 Dr. J. B. Griggs, W. M.; C. W. Griggs, S. W.; C. C. Barnard, J. W.; W. M. Mann Treas.; L. C. Oakley, Sec. Meets Tuesday nights.

Talula Encampment No. 8; J P Simpson, C P; P D Twiddy, S. W.; T. T. Whitcomb, H.P.; H H Hayman, J. W.; H O Hill, Scribe; G W Twiddy Treasurer.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge No. 14; J. P. Simpson, N. G; W F Keaton, V G; H. O. Hill, Recording Secretary; R E Black, Financial Secretary; G W Twiddy, Treasurer.

Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1202 H. O. Hill, Regent; D. A. Morgan, Vice Regent; C. Guirkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary F. M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer. Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; F. H. Wilson Finance Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; A Q Garrett Sachem; E F Sawyer sr., Sagamore; F C Thompson, jr., Sagamore; Wesley Williams, Prophet; W Ban Goodwin, Chief of Records, R. B. White, K. of W Meet every Thursday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: Geo. M. Scott, chairman; S. N. Morgan, Thomas E. Palmer, George D. Sherlock and W. J. F. Spence; Standard Keeper, R. B. White. J. F. Newbold, keeper of Alms House.

Sheriff, Nathan G. Grandy; Superior Court Clerk, W. Harney Jennings; Register of Deeds, J. C. Spence; Treasurer, W. A. Foster; Supervisor S L Sheep; Board of Education: J C Commander, Charles Reid and E V Davenport; Coroner, Dr Isaiah Fearing; County Physician, Dr A Y Aydlett, Surveyor, J C Terry.

SCHOOLS.

Public School, W. M. Hinton, Principal.

Atlantic Collegiate Institute, S. L. Sheep, Prest.

Select School, I. N. Tillett, Principal.

State Colored Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal.

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Citizens of North Carolina are insured with

The NEW YORK LIFE INS. Co.

—FOR MORE THAN—

6½ Million Dollars.

Go and do likewise if you wish to make money, provide for your family, save funds for old age, and at the same time have the very best insurance in the Strongest Company in the World.

AGENCY

Carolinian Bldg.

Elizabeth City, - - N. C.

The North Carolinian.

Thursday, September 19, 1901.

NOTE.

When you have read this paper mail it to a friend--as good as a letter.

FROM HITHER AND YON

Mosquitoes have no pedigrees, yet they are often full-blooded.

The proper pronunciation of the name of the assassin, Czolgocz is "Tschal-gotch".

It is said that the name of President McKinley's murderer means in the Polish language, "snake."

The assassin of the President has been indicted and found guilty of murder. He will be tried at once.

Chicken cholera has made its appearance in this county. The fowl is now looked upon with a suspicious eye even by the colored brother.

It is stated that the fatal epidemic among horses in this section is abating. The epidemic caused the death of over 300 horses in Hyde, and 50 in Beaufort.

Says an exchange:

"A wise but evidently experienced philosopher, one who has "been there" advises, "Don't eat oysters until the weather is cool enough for a girls' hair to stay curled."

The Durham Herald says:

"It seems to be only a matter of time when there will be a name on the pension roll for every bullet fired by the southern troops during the war.

Hon. Geo. H. Brown is holding Pasquotank Court this week. He adjourns Court today on account of the funeral of the President. He will hold Perquimans Court at Hertford next week.

Ex-Treasurer Worth will bring suit at the next tern of Wake Superior court against the Baltimore Bonding and Guaranty Company for recovery on the bonds of W. H. Martin, the defaulting clerk.

"William, here's a dollar for you. You know I'm running for office, don't you?" "Yes, suh," replied the old voter, 'but hit'll take 'bout one dollar en a quarter to 'lect a man lak you.!"—Atlanta Constitution.

The premium list of the State fair to be held in Raleigh, October 22-56, is out and is by far the best ever issued in this State. The premiums are larger and more numerous. Copies can be had by addressing Joseph E. Pogue, secretary, Raleigh.

The "divine healing" business is reported to be flourishing in the central and western portion of the State. The craze has already resulted in several fatalities. It is to be noted that there are also quite a number of Eddyites, or christian scientists in North Carolina.

If you want to see an up-to-date minstrel with the most magnificent Senic First Part ever exhibited in the city, be sure to attend the performance of Culhane, Chace & Weston's Minstrels, at the Academy of Music next Tuesday night, September 24th. General admission 35c. Reserved seats 50c.

Must Have Been Scarce.

If it is true, as is declared by some, that kissing is a cure for freckles, then the appearance of some of the young ladies returning from the seaside summer resorts is the only thing that is needed to emphasize the fact that there has been a great scarcity of men at those places this year.—Ex.

Hoo Hoos Meet at Norfolk.

The tenth annual session of the Conoatenated Order of Hoo Hoos assembled in Norfolk last week. There were about five hundred delegates from all over the country, who represented almost every phase of the lumber world. Several Elizabeth Citians were in attendance.

Coming.

Culhane, Chace & Weston's Minstrels, are booked to appear at the Academy of Music next Tuesday night, September 24th. Lovers of sweet harmony generally go to a minstrel show to hear it. Those who attend this performance will not be disappointed. The singing contingent of this company is extra strong, made of a double quartette. The solo singers are the best to be had.

The Migration of the Negro.

The New Orleans Picayune notes that the census returns show the proportion of negroes to whites in Louisiana and other southern states is rapidly diminishing and the Picayune believes that this is not due alone to white immigration to those states nor to greater mortality in the negro race as much as to migration of negroes to northern states. It believes that full returns from all the states will show this to be the case, and that it has not been heretofore perceived because the negroes have not gone in great numbers to any one point but have been distributed widely among many northern states.

Public Meeting.

The telegram announcing the death of the President on Saturday morning, the Mayor called a public meeting of the citizens in the Court House to express their sorrow at the event and their indignation at the deed.

A committee on resolutions was appointed who reported as follows:

"Whereas the red-handed, blood-thirsty anarchist made a dastardly and murderous assault upon the Chief Executive of this great nation on the 6th instant: and whereas this fiendish and diabolical assault which appalled these United States and made the whole civilized world stand aghast with horror, resulted this morning in the death of our honored and beloved President, therefore be it

Resolved 1st. That we denounce with all the earnestness and intensity of our souls this black and damnable deed and the anarchistic spirit that gave it birth.

2nd. That our wisest and best men should devise at once some drastic measure to rid the country of this terrible menace to its safety, its happiness and itf perpetuity.

3rd That our sympathies go out unrestrained to the sadly bereaved and sorrowing wife and family.

4th. That we blend our sorrow with that of our deeply stricken country, that now stands with bowed head and bleeding heart and tear stained eye over the prostrate torm of her murdered chief.

W. M. HINTON,
PALEMON JOHN,
S. L. SHEEP.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted. Among those who spoke to the resolutions were, Prof. W. M. Hinton, Dr. P. John, J. Heywood Sawyer, E. B. Alexander, J. B. Leigh, J. P Spence, Rev. L. L. Williams, Rev. P. W. Melick.

Attention, Farmers!

It is claimed by the leading members of the North Carolina Farmers' Alliance that the movement to unite the cotton growers of this State in a fight against the cotton oil trust is growing rapidly. It is aided by the news from New Orleans that the oil mills have united in a movement to reduce the price of cotton seed 50 per cent.

The Alliance issues an open letter to those interested from which we make the following extract:

"We deem this of enough importance to suggest that the farmers meet in their respective counties at the court house on Saturday, September 21, and select delegates to attend a State meeting to be held in the city of Raleigh Wednesday, September 25th. If it is deemed advisable township meetings can be held earlier than September 21; each township or neighborhood can determine this for themselves.

"The short corn crop and the high prices consequent thereon have made this a golden opportunity for the cotton farmers, and it is for them to say whether they will take advantage of it or leave all the profits arising from these conditions to the cotton seed oil mills. You may rest assured that they will not turn them down. In justice to your own interests you should step forward and offer to share these profits with the mill men."

The Chamber of Commerce.

The Chamber of Commerce of Elizabeth City has been chartered by the Secretary of State. The articles of incorporation provide for a board of directors and that the chamber may have a capital stock and engage in various business enterprises.

The purpose of the corporation is "to promote harmonious intercourse and insure good will among its various members in their business relations, not only as among themselves, but in their dealings with the outside world as well, and to promote in every possible way, manner and form, the industrial progress of Elizabeth City and its surrounding territory, and for this purpose said corporation is expressly authorized and empowered to adjust and arbitrate dispute among its members, should they so desire, to reconcile their conflicting interest should they so desire, and to do all other acts needful and necessary to the proper prosecuting of the business and purpose hereinbefore specified."

To Ye Business Men.

These are the days when the man who does a successful business must realize the full scope and significance of the great word "hustle." You must hustle if you do any business. Every man who has a dollar wants his money's worth before he lets it go. The man who has bargains to offer must let the fact be known. If you have anything special to offer advertise the fact, else the people will never know it. As a medium for reaching the people—the money-spending classes—THE NORTH CAROLINIAN is the paper par excellance. It reaches the homes of the people throughout this and adjoining counties, and is read by everybody and by many who take no other paper. An advertisement in its columns will prove a paying investment. Try it.

Norfolk's Ship-Building Plant.

Work will shortly commence on the water front of Norfolk harbor upon the erection of a million-dollar ship-building plant, which will be owned jointly by the Trigg Company, of Richmond, a big ship-building firm of Philadelphia, and another plant of Bath, Me., which constructs sailing vessels.

At whatever cost the anarchist must be made to learn the lesson that in this country "Liberty is not license."

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 5:45 and will set to-night at 6:02.—September has been giving us a touch of the real thing in the way of weather. It seems to have forgotten that it belongs in the autumnal procession. Last Sunday was one of the most summery days of the season, and was exceedingly oppressive. The weather man prophesies that the coming week will be a rainy one.—Early Saturday morning the tolling of the bell in the Episcopal Church brought the first sad tidings in this locality to many a listening ear of the death of the nation's Chief Executive. Other bells joined in the mournful chimes, and throughout the whole city a spirit of sadness was manifest. The armory of the Naval Reserves, the CAROLINIAN office and Culpeppers in this city, and the Post-office and Custom House in Edenton were appropriately draped in the black weeds of grief. At a large mass-meeting held at the Court House in this city at 12 o'clock of the same day notable addresses were made and suitable resolutions adopted. A full account of the proceedings appear in another column. Those so fortunate as to be in attendance at the Methodist Church Sunday morning were favored by a masterly address by the Rev. R. C. Beaman. Anarchy was unmercifully scored, and the orator paid an eloquent tribute to the memory of President McKinley, stating that in his opinion no other Chief Executive had been so universally loved and respected by the American people since the days of Washington.—Messrs Walter Wood, Shelton Scott and Earnest Sawyer are off for the University.—Davis & Sons have established a grocery and a packing house for the refrigerating of meat in the Overman Bldg. on Poindexter St. We note with pleasure the introduction of the long needed refrigerating establishment.—Report has it that the winter season is to be enlivened by the presentation of a number of excellent plays from the local boards.—

"Fear not the menace of the by-and-by;
Today is ours, tomorrow Fate must give;
Stretch out your hands and eat, although ye die;
Better to die than never once to live!"

—Mr. M. L. Sanderlin, wife and child have just returned from an extended tour, given them by the appreciative insurance company of which Mr. Sanderlin is the local representative, through the New England States. Mr. Sanderlin expresses himself as greatly impressed by the signs of municipal thrift, comfort and progress evidenced in the New England towns and cities.—We are glad to see that Mr. J. Q. A. Wood who has been invalided by fever is up and out again.—Miss Rida Derickson, one of the cities brightest little ladies, is off to attend the Greensboro Female College.—Miss Edith Dodd of Philadelphia is the guest of the family of our progressive townsman, Mr. Geo. R. Bright, on Matthews St.—Mr. Creighton Burgess, the popular young druggist at Dr. J. E. Woods pharmacy, leaves today to accept a pharmaceutical position in Burkville, Va.—Mr. Andre Forechey of New Orleans, Life Saving Inspector, was in the city during the week.—Evangelist Stewart of Tennessee will make his appearance in this city the first of next week, and nightly, at the Academy of Music, will endeavor to pluck brands from the burning.—Messrs. Wood and Lister have acquired the rights of Morrisette & Co. in the furniture business and will continue the same at the old stand on Water St.—Miss Lizzie Skinner, one of the fairest of Edenton's fair daughters, is the guest of Mrs. Wm. Griffin on Church St.—Mr. Malvern Tillett left last week for Yale to there take an extended law course.—Mr. R. J. Mitchell, the progressive proprietor of the Bee Hive, accompanied by his wife is away on his semi-annual trip to New York.—Miss Lucy Bell, one of Elizabeth City's fair and gracious young ladies, left for Hagerstown, Md., Monday.—Miss West of Cornland, Va., is the guest of Mrs. Judge Brooks on Road St.—Our burg is being somewhat agitated by the reported intrusion of a mysterious burglar who it seems is making weekly and almost nightly calls upon the residences of various citizens. This bird of the night seems to be the victim of a mania. Although he has, it is reported, broken into a number of houses where the opportunity for loot has been good, his predatory inclinations seem to be small—a couple of apple-pies having been the only property so far appropriated by him. He generally makes his appearance in some femanine bed-room, but upon the waking of the sleeper, with the first out-cry he proceeds to make tracks. He seems to be actuated more by a spirit of morbid curiosity and by a paul-pry disposition than anything else. The officers of the law were hard upon his track last Thursdey night, chasing him through the swamp in front of the Crowson residence. The fugitive, either a negro or a white man disguised as such, in this as in other cases succeeded in making good his escape. By many it is believed that the party in question is insane. If captured, we doubt, however, whether this plea could be successfully interposed, public opinion being so thoroughly aroused in this matter. Burglarious attempts were made last week at the residences of Mr. C. W. Overman, Mrs. Jewell's on Church St. and Mr. Pritchard's on upper Main. One man was, also, held up near the Windor residence on North Road Friday night while returning homeward at a late hour.—Dudley & Co. have opened a first class wholesale fish and oyster house at the foot of Main St.—The editor returns thanks to the kind friend who sent him a fine string of fish, fresh and toothsome.—On account of the President's funeral the public offices are closed and business generally is suspended.—We learn that the safe of Commander & Son was burglarized on Tuesday night.—The Atlantic Collegiate Institute opened on Monday with a fair attendance. Its prospects are bright.—Mr. Jos. Commander has opened a grocery in the store at the corner of Main and Road streets.—Memorial services are being held in all the churches to-day.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Paul J. Bungart,

o——ARCHITECT.——o

Room No. 2 in Citizen's Bank Bldg.

ELIZABETH CITY, - - - N. C.

FULMER & WHITEHURST

(Successors to Fulmer & Co.,)

Have increased their assortment of the choicest Fruits, Confections, cakes, Breakfast Bacon, Heinz's Mince-meat Preserves and Apple-butter, New Raisins and Turkish layer Figs; Largest assortment of Canned Meats, Salmon and Sardines, Imported Olive Oil, Extra quality Canned Fruits and Vegetables such as Peaches, Plums, Pears, Pineapple, Apricots and White Cherries, Extra fine Sugar Corn, French Peas, Tomatoes, Beans, Rhubarb and Succotash; also, neat variety of Cereal and Health Foods, Oatmeal, Wheatflakes and Breakfast Foods.

We will appreciate a share of your trade. Our prices are right and we can please you.

Telephone 17.

M. B. Culpepper. J. B. Culpepper

M. B. Culpepper, & Son.

—DEALERS IN—

Staple and Fancy

Groceries

Corner Road and Ehringhaus Streets.

We keep on hand the best selected Groceries, Confectionaries and Fruits. Country Produce bought and sold.

Free delivery of goods to any part of the city.

Phone 58. E. City, N. C.

Only 15 Days More

The blunt facts are that we have got to clear out our spring and summer goods to make room for our fall and winter stock and will give you goods for less than cost, to the manufacturers. Here goes all of our low cut shoes, for Ladies, Gents, Misses, and Children.

CLOTHING OF ALL KINDS

Summer shirt neck wear and gents underwear. Straw hats for men and boys come early EVERYBODY.

JONES, RAPER, & CO.,

54 Cor. Main and Water Sts, Elizabeth City, N. C.

ECONOMY IS WEALTH

But like everything else it should be the genuine article. Real economy in buying consists largely in getting good goods. If you would practice it with reference to your

Grocery

purchases and desire at the same time to live on the best that the grocery world furnishes, you cannot strike the road quicker than by way of giving us your order today.

LOVE, EVANS & Co.

WATER ST. (No. 32 and 34.) ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The Colored Column.

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

The revival services conducted at Union Chapel, near town, by Rev. Sharpe, closed Sunday with gratifying results.

Mr. George Bright and Miss Mary Newbold, both of this city were happily united in marriage last week. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Clayton at Mt. Lebanon Church.

Mr. J. H. Joyner, late of the Normal and Industrial Institute has been in the city this week.

Prof J. H. M. Butler and Miss L. V. Fleming have returned from their recent visit to Edenton.

The annex to the State Normal School building has been completed and is quite an improvement to the property and a credit to the management. The enrollment of the school is being increased each day by new arrivals.

The educational sermon by Rev. Clayton on Sunday was practical and suggestive and well received by his congregation. The object of these sermons is to arouse a more general interest in public school education.

At the home of the bride, Windsor, on the 12th inst., Rev. Luke Pierce officiating, Miss Mary Bell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bell, was united in marriage to our well known and popular book agent, Mr. J. C. Lewis.

Her many friends were shocked and surprised with regret on last Thursday evening to learn of the sudden death of Mrs. Tina A. Powell, the estimable wife of Mr. I. S. Powell on Culpepper St. She was taken ill about 2 o'clock a. m. and died about 3 p. m. the same day. The funeral services took place from the residence on Friday, Rev. J. A. Fteming officiating. The deceased was ad earnest christian worder, aimable and well liked by all who knew her.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

How to Pronounce Albany.

The common usage of pronouncing the name of our city as though it were spelled Allbany has so long prevailed that it will probably surprise many readers to be told that the first syllable of the name is properly short and should be pronounced like the Al in Alfred and Albert. Edwin Forrest, who was an accurate orthoepist, called this city Al-bany, not All-bany or Awlbany.—Albany Argus.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

CATARRH WASH Two month's treatment of Catarrh of the head and nose for 50c. Best and simplest remedy ever discovered. Booklet and sample for 2 cents. ATLANTA PREPARATION CO. 113 N. PRYOR ST., ATLANTA, GA.

Elizabeth City State Normal School.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Eleventh Annual Session begins Monday, September 2, 1901, and continues thirty-eight weeks.

Under general supervision of Supt. Public Instruction and State Board of Examiners.

Faculty is composed of four, thoroughly qualified instructors.

Educates and trains both Sexes for Teachers. Excellent course of study. Careful attention given to morals and conduct of students. Good library; building will be improved.

Board $6.50 per month; Tuition free; students enter any time; must be 15 years of age; may furnish board and pay $1.50 per month for room.

For Catalogue and other information, Address,

Principal P. W MOORE, A. M.

WHEN FILLING PRESCRIPTIONS

We give our individual attention to the matter in hand. That is the only safe way, and we are nothing if not safe. We dispense only drugs of known purity holding that when human life is hanging in the balance it is a poor time to economize by using cheap materials and trusting to luck for results.

This is an Important Matter and one worthy of Serious Thought.

STANDARD - PHARMACY,

POINDEXTER ST. (NEAR CENTRAL HOTEL.)

Seasonable Suggestions!

REFRIGERATORS—We are again offering "Special Refrigerators." We have tried them; others have tried them. They are satisfactory and the price, quality considered, cannot be beat. Porcelain lined water tanks are a good feature. A good refrigerator such as the "Special" will save enough food in a season to pay for it's cost

HAMMOCKS—Make these summer days pass more comfortably and we have the kind you want. 75c to $2.75.

HAMMOCK CHAIRS—for porch or lawn.—They are comfortable, inexpensive and durable.

PORH ROCKERS—At this season o ut-of-doors is the place to spend much of your time most comfortably, so get some porch rockers. The kind that look well and are easy. We have them.

MATTRESSES—Since one-third of your life is spent in bed, spend it comfortably. Get a good mattress and that is a Felt Mattress. Felt Mattresses are clean and stay so. Felt Mattresses are comfortable—the easist bed made. Felt Mattresses are durable—one lasts a life time. Felt Mattresses are beautiful. There are various Felt Mattresses but none, at any price, are better than ours. We sell them under an iron-clad guarantee to satisfy you.

FANCY GOODS—Pictures, Medallions, Bisque-figures, Austrian fob-ware, Vases, Peaques, Toilet-pieces, Pin Trays, Candle Sticks. They are perfect goods and suitable for presents for your most fastidious friends or to adorn your most elegantly furnished rooms, but because we have only these few pieces we are offering them in two assortments at 25c and 50c each. Many pieces cost much more.

P. W. MELICK.

A GHOST STORY!

But it's about a ghost that was not. It's the tale of the ghost of a show a man didn't have when he was looking for something better than the "best"—the kind of printing we do. There is nothing better and, in the long run, there is nothing cheaper.

The North Carolinian,

The Best in Printing.

FOLLOW THE MAN

Who never misses a good thing and you'll find him making tracks for WEISEL'S. You will find everything that suggests comfort in our stock.

PRICES

"UNDER THE HAMMER"

We're pounding the prices down; some the August heat has already melted the rest we're hammering at. Not a regular price will now be visible. It's your inning. We will save you much hard-earned tin It's like throwing money away if you buy before seeing us.

M. WEISEL.

18, 20, 22 and 24 Main St.

THE CLIMBER.

How should he know, who hath not won
Sure victories from sun to sun—
How can he know, who hath not tried
The peril of the mountain-side,
What strength of arm is his—what zeal
In combat with the brave to deal?
What prowess and what skill he hath
To find his footing on the path—
To cling, and cling, and always keep
His hold of faith along the steep?
Who tries is also tried. Who dares
To scale the heights, their danger shares.
But on the cliff's uneven face
He finds each day a higher place.
His strength expands; he thrills to know
How broad the breathing-places grow;
And every hour some gain is found,
Some view from wider vantage-ground.
—Frank Walcott Hutt, in The Chautauquan.

—THE— BISHOP'S BEHAVIOR.

It has been announced in several of the best-read society papers that Sir Archibald and Lady Crowley would entertain a house party on Saturday, the 6th, till the following Thursday at Crowley hall, Berkshire. Among the guests would be Lord and Lady de Rigger, the bishop of Barleyshire, Miss Harbeton of the Poplars, Hampstead, and other distinguished people.

Miss Harbeton liked these paragraphs. She had been undistinguished all her life until six months ago, when she had gained celebrity by inheriting a large fortune and a quantity of famously valuable jewelry from an uncle. But she was of an aspiring turn of mind, and when she heard from her friend, Lady Crowley, that the "charming bachelor-bishop of Barleyshire would be her fellow-guest," she resolved to wear all her diamonds at him and beguile him into letting her rule his diocese as his lawful spouse.

She was rather a fine looking woman—as she stood on the platform looking for a nicely peopled carriage in which to travel down to the Gunter's Road Junction.

Her maid was already settled in a second class carriage with her mistress' dressing case, but the jewel box, containing £20,000 worth of diamonds and pink pearls, she took into an empty first class with her, when finally the ringing of the bell compelled her to make her choice.

The door was slammed and locked, but just at the starting a bishop with faultless legs rushed up, put a shilling in the guard's hand and stepped hurriedly into the carriage where the single lady sat.

He was a fine looking man, clean shaven and with a remarkably open and benevolent expression of face.

Younger, too, than Miss Harbeton had dared to hope the bishop would be. She had no doubt of it from the first.

He must be, he could be, none other than the bishop of Barleyshire. Lady Crowley was right. Distinctly he was charming, very charming.

She came to this decision even before he addressed her; but he was not long in doing this.

In courteous tones he inquired if she could tell him when this train would reach Gunter's Road. She blushed with pleasure as she told him the time, and added that she, too, was going to stop at Gunter's Road to change for Crowley.

His pleasure at hearing this was flattering and unfeigned.

"That capital fellow, Crowley, and his charming wife will be astonished to find we have made each other's acquaintance, for when I last saw him we were speaking of you and I had to confess that I had not the pleasure of knowing you," he said gallantly, and Miss Harbeton's eyes danced with pleasure as she mentally decided on her wedding dress and resolved that she would keep the wives of the country and city clergy in their proper places and only know the cathedral people.

He was really a fascinating companion.

"I am quite at home in the house," he said. "Crowley and I were at Eton and Oxford together. We're like brothers. He has shown me a thousand kindnesses and this, of asking me to meet you, is the crowning one."

"Dear man! I shouldn't wonder if he proposed to me before I leave on Thursday," Miss Haberton thought, and as she thought it she took off her right hand glove, on which blazed two or three superb diamond rings.

She was not in the habit of displaying her jewelry as a rule, but on this occasion she wished her fellow-traveler to become acquainted with some of her splendor.

"That's a nobby ring," he exclaimed fixing his eyes on the finest with unerring discrimination, and though Miss Haberton was rather startled at hearing such an odd phrase from Episcopal lips, she was gratified at his judgment.

"They are rather fine stones," she said, drawing a huge marquise ring off her finger and handing it to him for inspection. "My poor uncle, from whom I inherited my diamonds, was a great connoisseur. But I suppose you care little about such baubles."

He laughed and if he had not been a bishop she could have sworn he winked. As it was, she attributed the movement to a nervous affection.

"I admire jewelry, especially old-fashioned jewelry, immensely," he said, slipping the ring on to one of his fingers, and examining it critically. "My cloth prevents my ever wearing it," he went on, seriously, "but I have acquired a good deal in my time and parted with it to a relation."

Her heart throbbed with exultation as she saw her ring on his finger. She hoped he would forget to remove it until they reached Crowley. His being seen with her ring on would show the Crowleys at once what intimate terms she and the bishop were on already. Perhaps Lady Crowley would make her lordship take her (Miss Haberton) in to dinner that night, when she would give him an opportunity of studying more of her diamonds.

They had unbent towards each other immensely by the time they had reached Gunter's Road.

He had smoked a cigarette and facetiously offered her one. If she had not feared that it would make her sick she would have taken it.

At Gunter's Road they had to change trains. The bishop was delightfully attentive. He sprung out, assisted her to step on to the platform with tender solicitude, pressing her hand warmly the while. Really he was going very fast for a bishop.

He relieved her of the weight of her jewel box as they stood waiting for their train to run in. When it came he started off to look for a carriage, having first given her the whispered assurance that he would bribe the guard to give them an empty one.

"I hope Crowley will have sent the dog cart," he added; "then I shall have the pleasure of driving you myself. Will you trust yourself to my care?"

"Gladly, gladly," she said with effusion, and a brief spasm of emotion convulsed his manly, ingenuous countenance for a moment.

The little platform was very much crowded and as he walked along in search of an empty first class carriage Miss Harbeton soon lost sight of him. But she felt a good deal of elation in the thought that he was putting himself very much indeed at her disposal, carrying her jewel box and trying to keep her all to himself for the remaining short bit of the journey.

Presently his man servant ran up to her with a request that she would get into a carriage he pointed out to her, and as she hesitated he explained respectfully:

"His lordship told me to say that he would be with you in a few moments."

She held her head higher than ever. Even his servant must notice how hard hit the bishop must be by her.

She experienced a terrible shock when the train, after an abrupt snort and shriek, went off without the bishop having rejoined her. Poor, dear man. He must have miscalculated the time and had been driven into another carriage at the last moment. How disappointed he would be at having been deprived of her society.

There was no bishop at the Crowley station, but there was a good deal of confusion and Miss Harbeton was hurried into a close carriage before she had time to make inquiries about her fellow-passenger.

She reached Crowley hall just in time for dinner. When she was ready she sent a note to her hostess asking if the bishop had arrived and if he had would Lady Crowley kindly request him to send Miss Harbeton's jewel box to her room.

The answer that came back nearly made her faint.

"The bishop thinks you must be joking, as he never heard of you or your jewel box before."

"The bishop's behavior is unpardonable," she cried angrily, as soon as she met Lady Crowley. "He traveled down with me, was marked in his attentions and took away my jewel box when he went away to look for an empty carriage at Gunter's Road that we might travel alone together."

"The bishop, dear old man, has never left the house today," Lady Crowley was explaining, "but here he is to answer for himself," she went on, as an elderly, wizened up little man came into the room.

"I have been cheated and robbed," Miss Harbeton cried; and she was right, for she never saw either her fellow traveler or her jewel box again. —Waverley Magazine.

JOLO ISLAND.

Major Sweet Says He Finds Life There Quite Agreeable.

Major Sweet, commanding officer of Jolo, gives some interesting news regarding his island in the tropics. The report has been filed with the war department and a copy of it has been received at army headquarters in Denver. Miss Sweet, daughter of Major Sweet, is well known socially in this city. Her father has many friends in Denver.

Jolo, which, with the exception of Tawi Tawi, is the most remote island belonging to the United States, lies in the Sea of Jolo, in longitude 121 degrees east of Greenwich and on the sixth parallel north from the equator, about 100 miles due west from the easternmost point of Borneo, 788 miles S. S. E. from Manila and 8681 miles from San Francisco. The island was first occupied May 19, 1899, when companies B, C, D, E, F, G, H and L, 23d infantry, under command of Captain E. B. Pratt, relieved the Spanish general Huertas, who had with him a garrison of 24 officers and 800 men. The village of Jolo is thus described by Major Sweet:

"It is hardly more than a good-sized military post, beautifully laid out, with broad, clean streets lined with flowering trees and gardens and surrounded by a loop-holed wall about eight feet high and one and one-half feet thick. The population is estimated at 400, mostly Chinamen, one German, no other Europeans. Four male Moros live within the walls. The public buildings are in a dilapidated condition. The governor's residence and office is one small building. There is one group of barracks (four buildings) which will accommodate one battalion. The theatre will accommodate one company and outlying block houses two companies. A commissary postoffice, schoolhouse, a hospital for about 100 beds, a market and some few small structures compose the remainder of the public buildings."

The commanding officer of the United States troops reported the day after his arrival that the situation, in so far as determined from our experience, was as follows:

"Spain possesses the small walled town known as Jolo. The governor has complete control within the walls. There are no civil courts, no civil officers. Outside the walls the Sultan of Jolo and Borneo is the ruler. Spain pays him $200 Mexican per month. At present he is not on the island, but is visiting one of the neighboring islands about 30 miles south. He has recently returned from Mecca and now dresses in European costume. Spanish soldiers seldom go beyond the range of the outlying blockhouses. The relations between the natives (Moros) and Spain are not altogether harmonious."

The Sultan of Sulu is addressed as "His Highness Hadji Mohammed Jumalul Kiram Sultan of Jolo Archipelago, North Borneo and Palawan."—Denver Republican.

PEARLS OF THOUGHT.

No fuel, no fire.

While there's hope there's life.

Simplicity is the sign of seriousness.

The use of the arrow depends on the aim.

Nothing is more profitable than preparation.

The shadow may be the price we pay for the sunshine.

When ability meets opportunity the road of duty is plain.

Your promotion cannot be measured by your locomotion.

It takes the hammer of practice to drive in the nails of precept.

The best things will be but stuff to the man who only seeks the stuff.

He who is only passively willing to do right will find himself actively wishing to do wrong.

The majesty of a man cannot be measured till he is seen standing in a magnificent minority.—Ram's Horn.

A Warm Weather Dessert.

Mint sherbet is an excellent summer dessert, and has the advantage of being easily made. Pour a pint and a half of boiling water over a bunch of mint, and let it stand. Boil together a quart of cold water and two and one-half cupfuls of sugar for fifteen minutes. Strain the mint into it. Add a cupful each of orange, strawberry and currant juice. Cool and freeze. Arrange a sprig of mint in each cup.

Peanut Cookies.

Peanut cookies will prove a delight to most members of the family. To make them, remove the skins from two cupfuls of shelled peanuts, and put them through a meat chopper. Cream together three teaspoonfuls of butter and one cupful of sugar. Add three eggs, two tablespoonfuls of milk, one saltspoonful of salt, the nuts and enough flour to make a soft dough. Roll them on a floured board, cut them with a small cutter and bake in a moderate oven.

A New Cranberry Pie.

A delicious cranberry pie is made of the uncooked fruit. To make a small pie, take a large cut of the ripe fruit and chop it into small pieces. Add a cup of granulated sugar. Stir a tablespoonful of corn starch into a little cold water and add a quarter of a cup of boiling water. Pour over the cranberries and sugar and mix thoroughly. Roll out the pastry thin, cover the pie plate with pastry and fill with the cranberry filling. Cover with a plain pastry, cover and bake in the oven for about forty minutes.

A Delicious Dessert.

Cherry sauce with plain boiled rice is an inexpensive and delicious dessert. Put into a saucepan a tablespoonful of flour and two ounces of butter. When well blended, a pound of stoned cherries, four whole cloves and a pint of water. Allow this to simmer until the cherries are soft, then strain through a fine sieve, rubbing and mashing the cherries to obtain as much of the pulp as possible. Next add the juice of half a lemon and sufficient sugar to sweeten. Just before serving add the well-beaten whites of two eggs. The eggs must be beaten to a stiff snow.

Canned Tomatoes for Salads.

Tomatoes canned whole for salads will prove convenient in the winter. Small, plump, round ones should be selected for the purpose. To scald them, put them into a wire basket and plunge once or twice in deep boiling water. Peel carefully and put them into jars that have been thoroughly cleaned. Fill the jars with cold water and add a teaspoonful of salt to each. Arrange the rubbers and put the covers on loosely. Put the jars in a big boiler on muffin rings or something that will keep them from the bottom. Add cold water until it reaches two-thirds the height of the jars. Boil ten minutes after the water reaches the boiling point.

The Breakfast Fruit.

Oranges served whole are always an acceptable fruit to be eaten before the cereal at breakfast, and the combination of sliced oranges and cocoanut with perhaps an addition of sliced bananas is sometimes served at this time, although it is more popularly served at dinner, for dessert. And it is found that the orange cut in squares for this dessert is better than the thin slices, as it does not pack so close in the dish.

Peel as many oranges as are required, and cut in inch-square pieces, removing all the white parts and seeds. Put a layer of these in the bottom of a glass dish and sprinkle them with sugar. Have ready a fresh cocoanut grated and spread some over the sugared oranges. Cut some firm bananas into thin slices and place a layer of them close together over the cocoanut. Repeat with the oranges, sugar, cocoanut and bananas, with a final layer of thickly sugared oranges, and a sprinkling of cocoanut. Serve with candied cherries around the edge of the dish.

Household Hints.

Fewer dishes will be broken if a small wooden tub is provided instead of the ordinary dishpan.

A fernery and a candle holder combined is a novelty for table decoration found in the jewelry shop.

Salted almonds should be placed on the table at the beginning of the dinner and served with the crackers and cheese.

Dates, figs and raisins chopped together in a meat chopper and moistened with orange or lemon juice make an excellent filling for brown bread sandwiches.

When lamps are clogged with oil the burners should be boiled in a strong solution of soda and water, and allowed to get thoroughly dry before being used again.

A cupful of currant juice to a quart of red raspberries, in canning, will add much to their flavor. Currant juice will also improve red raspberries that are to be eaten raw.

Chairs that look quite hopeless after a season on the porch respond to a stain as well as to enamel paint. An application of ammonia will help to remove any former "coat."

A pinch of powdered ginger added to cranberries in cooking will bring out the flavor. They should not be stewed to a jam, but kept separate, looking more like candied cherries.

Cracks in a stove grate can be easily mended by applying ashes and salt moistened to a stiff paste. Put on at night and in the morning it will be found quite firm. Should it crumble again in the lapse of months, renew the application.

Cranberries make excellent timber for winter shortcakes. Pare, core, and cook with as little water as will prevent burning. Sweeten as for table use, and can. To use place between thin shortcake, cover with frosting and serve. You will call it delicious.

Trolley Lines.

Interurban trolley lines, with facilities for carrying both passengers and freight, are gaining a strong hold in many states. Detroit and Pittsburg will soon have electric railway connection by way of Cleveland, which will povide 375 miles of road under one management. New York state has been a little tardy in its trolley connections, but it is predicted that soon one will be able to travel from New York City to Buffalo by trolley.—Springfield Republican

UNCLE SAM NOT AFRAID

HIS VIEWS OF THE EUROPEAN ALLIANCE AND THOMAS JEFFERSON.

The Threats of the Continental Powers Cause Him to Smile—They Couldn't Combine if They Would, and Wouldn't if They Could—He Sticks to Protection

"Uncle Sam, how do you feel about this European trade alliance that the free trade papers are talking so much about?"

I sprung this question on the old gentleman just after he had dismissed a mendicant who had been begging for a Government position.

"I told him," said Uncle Sam, "that the soft snaps were all taken, but if he wanted a good job with hard work and good pay he could easily get it. That is a fact, too. There isn't a good worthy man in the country who cannot get work if he wants it. If he is idle there is some reason for it. That is his own fault. Why, last week over 100,000 men left jobs averaging over $3 a day. I'm not saying whether they were right or wrong, but they don't do it in free trade times. But about this European alliance question. It makes me smile every time I read about it. I can answer your question in very few words. They couldn't if they would. They wouldn't if they could, and if they did, I wouldn't care a continental."

The old gentleman snapped his finger a little viciously, I thought, but he soon laughed heartily and continued.

"Guess you can't remember back to 1808, when my manager, Tom Jefferson, and the boys in both Houses passed the embargo act. That operated the same as a tariff wall. We had to make things ourselves and we had to buy our own products. That reminds me of something. Jefferson was always preaching. 'My idea is,' he used to say, 'that we should encourage home manufacturers to the extent of our own consumption of everything of which we raise the raw materials.' Wish I had some Democrats to-day like Tom Jefferson. Well, the embargo act showed what we could do nearly 100 years ago, and I could stand it now a thousand times better than I could then. I almost wish those European fellows would get together and try to shut me out for a while. Guess they would begin to squeal in a few months. When they came to their senses they would find me raising all my own sugar and coffee and tea, and that is all I have to depend on them for now. And what would they do without my corn and wheat and cotton and oil? Don't you worry, my boy, about any European alliance. Gosh, all fish hooks! They'd starve, be in the dark and have to wear tree bark for clothes. Let 'em put up their tariffs and go to work. Wish they would. They'd all soon get rich and want more of my stuff than ever. May be short of corn this year, but I've got more wheat than usual. I don't want to boast, but really, taking the country as a whole, I'm about as well off as the whole of Europe. I've got more miles of railroad, I raise more farm products, and I do about as much manufacturing. I tell you, I feel pretty independent, and I've got a right to feel so. Why, in many ways I'm better off than all the rest of the world put together. Every man, woman and child I've got consumes as much as ten average people throughout the rest of the world. So it does make me smile when my little free trade trust talks about a European alliance."

"But Uncle Sam," I interrupted, "wouldn't it be better if we had reciprocal relations and no talk of alliances and retaliation?"

"Why, yes, reciprocity is all right if you stick to it. If you've got two razors and a jack knife, and want a monkey wrench, don't trade one of the razors for another razor or jack knife; trade it for a monkey wrench. But the fact of the matter is, I've got about everything I want. Got plenty of things to sell, but don't see why I should give anything away. I've worked hard enough to get it; now I want to enjoy it. Don't let the free traders fool you, my boy, with their reciprocity talk. They're pretty slick, and they've fooled me two or three times, but I got my wisdom tooth in 1894-5-6, and I'm going to stick to protection for a good while to come," and the old gentleman bade me good day and walked off with his hands in his pockets, whistling 'Yankee Doodle." F. C.

Faint Praise.

The commendation which Republican agitators for tariff tinkering are receiving from Democrats and free traders may be thought to make up in some measure for the censure of the great body of Republicans and protectionists. When a man is wrong it is always comforting to know that somebody thinks he is right. But, as a matter of fact, the Republican revisionaries are not called upon to blush hard and red. They are really rated not very highly by the free traders and are not considered of much importance. The Democratic view of their value as political allies is expressed by the Binghamton (N. Y.) Leader as follows:

Not all of the Republican opponents of the trust tariff have the moral courage to face the music without flinching, and hence their strictures on the Democrats, who are not to be blamed for enjoying the fun. The fact is, however, that Dingleyism will not be undone without Democratic aid, and it is quite as likely that the job will have to be turned over entirely to Democratic hands. The Republican advocates of a new tariff deal mean well and they are much to be commended, but the purpose they have in view will not be accomplished until the Democrats are in power in Washington.

Good little boys are the revisionaries and they serve a useful purpose in "shooing" the geese for the bigger boys to pluck, but they shall have no hand in the plucking and no share of the feathers.

Worse Than Idle Gossip.

The talk about European nations uniting in a tariff war on the United States is funny enough in view of their own relations on the tariff question. The Russian Government has semi-officially informed Germany that the proposed new German tariff, if carried into effect, will result in Russian reprisals. The Austrian Government, through its Prime Minister, has made a similar statement. Harmony on the tariff question has not existed in Europe in the memory of man. The talk about a union against the United States is worse than idle gossip.—Allentown (Pa.) Register.

Know a Good Thing.

The inconsiderate Porto Ricans continue to make it unpleasant for the distinguished statesmen and prophets who composed the Kansas City platform. Instead of contenting themselves with the absolute free trade with the United States for which they were held to be pining, they are now demanding a special tariff duty in favor against the coffee now coming free into the island from Brazil and the United States.—New York Tribune.

FARMERS AND PROTECTION.

The Nearer the Market the More Valuable It is to the Farmer.

It is the stock argument of the free traders that protection is of all things inimical to the interests of the farmer. They grudgingly concede that the manufacturing industries thrive under protection, but they point to the trusts as the legitimate result of the protective policy, unwilling or unable to see that the relation of protection to the trusts is simply this: Protection allows American industries to exist. The trusts, so far as they are hostile to the general good, are abuses of this condition, not its legitimate or intended effect. The remedy for any evil caused by the trusts is not free trade, but regulation. Under free trade there possibly would not be any trusts. There wouldn't be much business of any kind.

Amputation of everybody's legs is not the most sensible remedy for the habit of kicking people. Legs can be regulated without being taken off and especially without depriving the innocent of something to stand on.

The free traders have always contended that the farmers didn't need any thing to stand on, and lots of farmers honestly believe they would be better off without protection. What do they think of Germany's agrarian tariff, designed to protect the German farmer by the imposition of heavy duties? If protection helps the German farmer, why not the American? Of course, the protection afforded is different in kind, but the same in effect. This country doesn't import farm products and Germany does. The American farmer is not in need of protection, except in isolated cases from neighboring countries, from competition in his own products. But when the workingman has no wages he has no flour and meat and vegetables, and that's what the farmer has to sell, and he doesn't want to depend too much upon the foreign market for his sales.

The peculiar speciousness of the free trade argument lies in its appeal to class cupidity. The prosperity of each class depends upon that of all. Wheat at $2 and corn at seventy-five cents on the other side of the globe may appear an ideal condition from the farmer's view. But it is much better to have $1 wheat and fifty-cent corn with money in the pocket of the American consumer to buy it.—Kansas City Journal.

Food Which Makes Him Fat.

We Are the Bankers.

European financiers have discovered to their chagrin that they can no longer make financial crises at will in the United States. And there are other discoveries coming to them.—Chatham (N. Y.) Republican.

VALUES RISE FAST.

HOW $20 GREW TO $20,000,000 IN TEXAS.

Beatty's Marvelous Luck in the Oil Fields—The California Gold Mines Never Equaled This Spot for Money-Making.

The riches that came to Aladdin from rubbing his rusty old lamp were not more marvelously secured than those of D. R. Beatty, of Beaumont, if we may credit the story which a St. Louis paper prints. The day that the celebrated Lucas gusher was discovered, Beatty happened to be in the office of the Galveston News and heard the dispatch read which told of Lucas' good fortune. He had exactly $20 in his pocket, and no other resources in the world. Most men would have thought it sheer madness to attempt anything with so small a sum. Not so Beatty, who is of a different caliber. He hastened out of the News office, as if the building were on fire, boarded the next train for Beaumont, arrived there with $10 left, and with that pitiful amount of money secured an option on 10 acres of oil land from a young farmer named Lige Adams. This land turned out to be right in the heart of the gusher district. Beatty received $1,250,000 for the well that he sunk on that land. It was the famous "Beatty gusher," the largest oil well in the world. It produces nearly $30,000 daily for its lucky owners. Seven months ago Beatty had $20, to day he is worth close to $20,000,000. California in 1849

D. R. BEATTY.

the Colorado gold fields, the Klondike, the South African diamond mines can show nothing like it.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

MILK.			
The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 2½c. per quart.			
BUTTER.			
Creamery—West, extra	$ —	@$	20½
Firsts	18½	@	20
Seconds	16½	@	18
State dairy tubs, extra	18	@	19
Imitation creamery	14	@	17
Factory finest	—	@	15½
Low grades	12½	@	13½
CHEESE.			
State—Full cream, fancy	—	@	9
Small	9¼	@	9¼
Part skims, good to prime	6	@	6¾
Full skims	1½	@	2½
EGGS.			
Jersey—Fancy	21	@	22
State and Penn	21	@	22
Western—Choice	17	@	18
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, choice, 1900	2 90	@	2 95
Medium	—	@	2 60
Pea, choice	2 65	@	2 70
Red kidney, choice	2 50	@	2 55
White kidney, choice	2 30	@	2 35
Lima, Cal.	5 00	@	5 50
Green peas, bags	—	@	1 30
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Peaches, N. J., per basket	30	@	1 00
Plums, per 8-lb. basket	18	@	40
Apples Alexander, per bbl.	3 00	@	4 00
Gravenstein, per bbl.	3 00	@	4 00
Windfalls, per bbl.	1 00	@	1 75
Pears, Seckel, per bbl.	2 50	@	3 50
Kieffer, per bbl.	1 75	@	2 00
Bartlett, per bbl.	2 25	@	4 00
Muskmelons, per crate	1 00	@	2 50
Watermelons, per 100	5 00	@	18 00
Grapes, Del., per basket	13	@	14
Niagara, per carrier	60	@	90
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, per lb.	—	@	11
Spring chickens, per lb.	—	@	11
Roosters, per lb.	—	@	7
Turkeys, per lb.	—	@	10
Ducks, per pair	50	@	75
Geese, per pair	1 00	@	1 25
Pigeons, per pair	—	@	15
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Spring turkeys, per lb.	12	@	20
Fowls, Western, per lb.	10	@	11½
Broilers, Phila., per lb.	12	@	18
Ducks, L. I., per lb.	—	@	13½
Geese, Eastern, per lb.	11	@	14
Squabs, per dozen	1 25	@	1 50
HOPS.			
State, 1900, choice, per lb.	13	@	14
Good to prime	12	@	12½
Pacific coast, 1900, choice	13½	@	14
1899, poor to choice	6	@	11
Old odds	1¼	@	3
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay—Prime, per 100 lb.	—	@	90
No. 1, per 100 lb.	85	@	87½
No. 2, per 100 lb.	77½	@	82½
Clover mixed, per 100 lb.	60	@	70
Straw, long rye	70	@	75
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, Jersey, per bbl.	1 62	@	2 25
Long Island, per bbl.	2 25	@	2 50
Sweets, N. J., per bbl.	2 50	@	3 00
Onions, N. J., red, per bbl	2 25	@	2 75
Orange Co., per bag	1 25	@	2 75
Long Island, red, per bbl	2 25	@	2 75
Cabbages, L. I., per 100	4 50	@	6 00
Turnips, per bbl.	75	@	1 00
Tomatoes, per box	30	@	60
String beans, L. I., per bag	40	@	65
Egg plant, per bbl.	75	@	1 00
Peppers, per bbl.	60	@	75
Squash, per bbl.	75	@	1 00
Peas, per basket	1 50	@	2 50
Cucumbers, per bbl.	75	@	3 00
Corn, Jersey, per 100	75	@	1 50
Lettuce, per case	2 00	@	2 50
Celery, per dozen	10	@	35
Lima beans, L. I., per bag	75	@	1 00
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter patents	3 60	@	3 85
Spring patents	3 70	@	4 00
Wheat—No. 1 N. Chicago	—	@	76¾
No. 2 red	76¼	@	76½
Corn—No. 2	62⅞	@	64⅝
Oats—No. 2 white	—	@	40
Track mixed	37½	@	39
Rye—Western	60½	@	61
State	55	@	56
Lard, city	—	@	9.15c.
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	7½	@	9¼
Calves, city dressed	9	@	12
Country dressed	7	@	10½
Sheep, per 100 lb.	3 00	@	4 00
Lambs, per 100 lb.	4 00	@	5 25
Hogs, live, per 100 lb.	5 80	@	6 80
Country dressed, per lb.	9	@	9½

CONDITION OF CORN AND WHEAT.

Former Crop Below Lowest September Average—Wheat Harvest Fine.

Washington, D. C.—The monthly report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture shows the average condition of corn on September 1 to have been 51.7. There was a decline during August amounting to 2.3 points, and the condition on September 1 was 28.9 points lower than on September 1, 1900; 31 points below the mean of the September averages for the last ten years, and 8.3 points below the lowest September average, that of 1881, ever before recorded.

The average condition at harvest of winter and spring wheat combined was 82.8, against 69.6 last year, 70.9 in 1899, and a ten-year average of 80.3. Indiana is 16, Illinois 19, Missouri 22 and Kansas 28 points above their ten-year averages, while Michigan is 22 and Texas 36 points below their respective ten-year averages.

The average condition of potatoes on September 1 was 52.2, being ten points lower than any previous September record reported.

Five of the more important apple-growing States report an improvement in condition during August, such improvement amounting to one point in Indiana, two points in Kentucky, three in Tennessee, eleven in Missouri and twelve in Kansas. New York is forty-two points below its ten-year average.

In all but two of the principal peach-growing States a production exceeding the ten-year average is probable.

Coal Car Famine.

The complaint all through the coal trade is of a car famine of such serious proportions as to interfere with the movement from the mines. Trade conditions indicate a good fall business.

Our Trade With Japan.

A Consular report of the trade with Japan says that while the trade of the United Kingdom since 1883 has increased less than one and one-half fold, that of the United States and Germany has each grown tenfold.

Business and Crop Brevities.

Corn prices have advanced one cent a bushel.

The steel workers' strike has cut off a great deal of tonnage in the iron trade.

Official estimates of crops in Austria-Hungary show decreases in wheat, barley and oats.

The salmon pack of Alaska is estimated at 1,750,000 cases, an increase of 150,000 cases over 1900.

Unusually large imports even for this active season of the year testify to the prevalent prosperity.

The pig iron market is the only weak feature in the iron world.

This year's sugar crop of Louisiana is estimated at 300,000 tons.

The activity in distributing branches continues unabated, and there is a firm business tone dominant in the majority of markets and trades.

The wool market has not witnessed the selling of many large lines, but the consumption is unquestionably larger than it has been for some time.

The Chicago market for provisions has advanced seven cents per hundred pounds for pork, twenty-eight cents for lard and seventeen cents for ribs.

Shipping a Big Tree.

An effort is to be made to remove a large red oak tree from the wildest section of Arkansas to Forest Park, St. Louis, for the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, says the Scientific American. The tree is 160 feet high and twelve feet in diameter at the base. A double tramway will be built from the tree to the river, where it will be floated and towed to St. Louis. It is estimated that this will occupy six months. The tree will be dug up by the roots instead of being cut, and none of its branches will be trimmed, so that it will appear on exhibition just as it now stands in the woods.

Law Journal Not a Newspaper.

It has been decided in New York that publication of legal notices in a law journal is not sufficient when the statute requires such notification to be "published at least once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper."

Consolation and Comfort.

Who is it that does not wish to be out in the open air or alive in some field of sport, whether it be with the bat, rod or gun; whether we go coasting over the hills and vales on the wheel or sailing over rough waves or into serene coves, it is all sport, and the springing muscles seem to need it. It is bound to happen that some mishap will occur. Thus it is that we have sprains in abundance. Light sprains, sprains that cripple, sprains that give great pain, sprains that rob us of sleep, but sportsmen of all kinds have come to know that there is nothing better than the old reliable St. Jacobs Oil. Have it with you for use; you may rely on its cure of the worst sprain and restoration to the comforts of life.

Responsibilities of Editors.

"Upon publishers and upon editors rests a responsibility," says Mr. Allen, in Harper's. "They will fail both of their duty and of their high privilege in so far as they yield to the importunities of a capricious popular taste. If they surrender their business to wholly mercantile purposes, regardless of the best interests of literature, and compete with each other in this facile and fatal descent, then a general publishing syndicate, upon a purely mercantile basis, will be as natural and inevitable in its application to literature as it has become in the control of railroads and the production of steel. Fortunately, the great publishers of books and periodicals in this country have maintained a united front against perilous tendencies, and their competition has been in the line of ascent."

Easy Come, Easy Go.

The man who creeps along bent over, with his spinal column feeling in a condition to snap like a pipestem at any minute, would readily give a great deal to get out of his dilemma, and yet this is only the commonest form by which lumbago seizes on and twists out of shape the muscles of the back. This is commonly known as backache, a crick in the back, but by whatever name it may be known, and however bad it may be, 10 minutes' vigorous rubbing with St. Jacobs Oil on the afflicted part will drive out the trouble and completely restore. It is a thing so easily caught, it may be wondered at why there is not more of it, but because it is so easily cured by St. Jacobs Oil may be the very reason that we hear so little of it.

Potatoes form the world's greatest single crop, 4000 million bushels being produced annually, equal in bulk to the entire wheat and corn crop.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh), that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Circulars sent free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Physical culture is only another name for hard work.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

A man can go down hill faster than he can go up.

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

An ordinary piano contains a mile of piano wire.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Cremation of the dead has been the custom in Japan for 1200 years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Naturally it makes a fellow feel cheap to give himself away.

PUTNAM'S FADELESS DYE produces the fastest and brightest colors of any known dye stuff. Sold by all druggists.

The State which produced the largest corn crop last year was Illinois, with 247,000,000 bushels.

A vessel going from Montreal to Port Arthur has to ascend 600 feet.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa.

The population of the German Empire includes 3,000,000 who use the Polish language.

Mother

"My mother was troubled with consumption for many years. At last she was given up to die. Then she tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and was speedily cured."
D. P. Jolly, Avoca, N. Y.

No matter how hard your cough or how long you have had it, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the best thing you can take.

It's too risky to wait until you have consumption. If you are coughing today, get a bottle of Cherry Pectoral at once.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sick Headache?

Food doesn't digest well? Appetite poor? Bowels constipated? Tongue coated? It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills; they cure